



Submittal Requirements Bulletin — Solar Photovoltaic Installations 10 kW or Less in One- and Two-Family Dwellings

This information bulletin is published to guide applicants through a streamlined permitting process for solar photovoltaic (PV) projects 10 kW in size or smaller. This bulletin provides information about submittal requirements for plan review, required fees and inspections.

1. Approval Requirements

The following permits are required to install a solar PV system with a maximum power output of 10 kW or less:

- a) Solar Permit
Electrical Permit (if panel upgrade is required)

Planning review is not required for rooftop solar PV installations of this size.
Fire Department approval is not required for solar PV installations of this size.

2. Submittal Requirements

- a) Completed permit application form. This permit application form can be downloaded at www.grandterrace-ca.gov.
- b) Demonstrate compliance with the eligibility checklist for expedited permitting. These criteria can be downloaded at www.grandterrace-ca.gov.
- c) A completed Standard Electrical Plan. The standard plan may be used for proposed solar installations 10 kW in size or smaller and can be downloaded at www.grandterrace-ca.gov.
- d) A roof plan showing roof layout, PV panels and the following fire safety items: approximate location of roof access point, location of code-compliant access pathways, PV system fire classification and the locations of all required labels and markings. Examples of clear path access pathways are available in the State Fire Marshal Solar PV Installation Guide. <http://osfm.fire.ca.gov/pdf/reports/solarphotovoltaicguideline.pdf>.
- e) Completed expedited Structural Criteria along with required documentation. Structural Criteria can be downloaded at www.grandterrace-ca.gov.

For non-qualifying systems, provide structural drawings and calculations stamped and signed by a California-licensed civil or structural engineer, along with the following information.

- The type of roof covering and the number of roof coverings installed
- Type of roof framing, size of members and spacing
- Weight of panels, support locations and method of attachment
- Framing plan and details for any work necessary to strengthen the existing roof structure
- Site-specific structural calculations
- Where an approved racking system is used, provide documentation showing manufacturer of the rack system, maximum allowable weight the system can support, attachment method to the roof or ground and product evaluation information or structural design for the rack system

3. Plan Review

Permit applications can be submitted to Building and Safety in person at 22795 Barton Road, Grand Terrace, CA 92313 and electronically through email: homesolar@grandterrace-ca.gov.

Permit applications utilizing standard plan may be approved “over-the-counter” at 22795 Barton Road, Grand Terrace, CA 92313. Permit applications may also be submitted electronically for approval through email: homesolar@grandterrace-ca.gov.

Permits not approved “over-the-counter” should be reviewed in three days for hand-delivered submittals and five days for electronic submittals.

4. Fees

Solar Permit \$75.00

Electrical Permit \$34.50 (if panel upgrade required)

Plan Check \$127.00

TOTAL FEES: \$236.50 (with electrical permit)

\$202.00 (without electrical permit)

5. Inspections

Once all permits to construct the solar installation have been issued and the system has been installed, it must be inspected before final approval is granted for the solar system. On-site inspections can be scheduled by contacting the Building and Safety Department by telephone at 909-824-6621 ext. 250 or electronically at homesolar@grandterrace-ca.gov. Inspection requests received within business hours are typically scheduled for the next business day. If next business day is not available, inspection should happen within a five-day window.

Permit holders must be prepared to show conformance with all technical requirements in the field at the time of inspection. The inspector will verify that the installation is in conformance with applicable code requirements and with the approved plans.

- Array conductors and components are installed in a neat and workman-like manner.
- PV array is properly grounded.
- Electrical boxes are accessible and connections are suitable for environment.
- Array is fastened and sealed according to attachment detail.
- Conductor’s ratings and sizes match plans.
- Appropriate signs are properly constructed, installed and displayed, including the following.
 - Sign identifying PV power source system attributes at DC disconnect
 - Sign identifying AC point of connection
 - Sign identifying switch for alternative power system
- Equipment ratings are consistent with application and installed signs on the installation, including the following.
 - Inverter has a rating as high as max voltage on PV power source sign.
 - DC-side overcurrent circuit protection devices (OCPDs) are DC rated at least as high as max voltage on sign.

- Switches and OCPDs are installed according to the manufacturer's specifications (i.e., many 600VDC switches require passing through the switch poles twice in a specific way).
- Inverter is rated for the site AC voltage supplied and shown on the AC point of connection sign.
- OCPD connected to the AC output of the inverter is rated at least 125% of maximum current on sign and is no larger than the maximum OCPD on the inverter listing label.
- Sum of the main OCPD and the inverter OCPD is rated for not more than 120% of the bus bar rating.

6. Departmental Contact Information

For additional information regarding this permit process, please consult the City of Grand Terrace website at www.grandterrace-ca.gov or contact Building and Safety at 909-824-6621 ext. 250.



Eligibility Checklist for Expedited Solar Photovoltaic Permitting for One- and Two-Family Dwellings

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. System size is 10 kW AC CEC rating or less Y N
- B. The solar array is roof-mounted on one- or two-family dwelling or accessory structure Y N
- C. The solar panel/module arrays will not exceed the maximum legal building height Y N
- D. Solar system is utility interactive and without battery storage Y N
- E. Permit application is completed and attached Y N

ELECTRICAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. No more than four photovoltaic module strings are connected to each Maximum Power Point Tracking (MPPT) input where source circuit fusing is included in the inverter Y N
 - 1) No more than two strings per MPPT input where source circuit fusing is not included Y N
 - 2) Fuses (if needed) are rated to the series fuse rating of the PV module Y N
 - 3) No more than one noninverter-integrated DC combiner is utilized per inverter Y N
- B. For central inverter systems: No more than two inverters are utilized Y N
- C. The PV system is interconnected to a single-phase AC service panel of nominal 120/220 Vac with a bus bar rating of 225 A or less Y N
- D. The PV system is connected to the load side of the utility distribution equipment Y N
- E. A Solar PV Standard Plan and supporting documentation is completed and attached Y N

STRUCTURAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. A completed Structural Criteria and supporting documentation is attached (if required) Y N

FIRE SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

- A. Clear access pathways provided Y N
- B. Fire classification solar system is provided Y N
- C. All required markings and labels are provided Y N
- D. A diagram of the roof layout of all panels, modules, clear access pathways and approximate locations of electrical disconnecting means and roof access points is completed and attached Y N

Notes:

1. These criteria are intended for expedited solar permitting process.
2. If any items are checked NO, revise design to fit within Eligibility Checklist, otherwise permit application may go through standard process.



GRAND TERRACE SOLAR APPLICATION DOCUMENT #3

Solar PV Standard Plan — Simplified Central/String Inverter Systems for One- and Two-Family Dwellings

SCOPE: Use this plan ONLY for utility-interactive central/string inverter systems not exceeding a system AC inverter output rating of 10kW on the roof of a one- or two-family dwelling or accessory structure. The photovoltaic system must interconnect to the load side of a single-phase AC service panel of nominal 120/240Vac with a bus bar rating of 225A or less. This plan is not intended for bipolar systems, hybrid systems or systems that utilize storage batteries, charge controllers, trackers, more than two inverters or more than one DC combiner (noninverter-integrated) per inverter. Systems must be in compliance with current California Building Standards Codes and local amendments of the authority having jurisdiction (AHJ). Other Articles of the California Electrical Code (CEC) shall apply as specified in 690.3.

MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATION SHEETS MUST BE PROVIDED for proposed inverter, modules, combiner/junction boxes and racking systems. Installation instructions for bonding and grounding equipment shall be provided, and local AHJs may require additional details. Listed and labeled equipment shall be installed and used in accordance with any instructions included in the listing or labeling (CEC 110.3). Equipment intended for use with PV system shall be identified and listed for the application (CEC 690.4[D]).

Job Address: _____ Permit #: _____

Contractor/Engineer Name: _____ License # and Class: _____

Signature: _____ Date: _____ Phone Number: _____

Total # of Inverters installed: _____ (If more than one inverter, complete and attach the "Supplemental Calculation Sheets" and the "Load Center Calculations" if a new load center is to be used.)

Inverter 1 AC Output Power Rating: _____ Watts

Inverter 2 AC Output Power Rating (if applicable): _____ Watts

Combined Inverter Output Power Rating: _____ ≤ 10,000 Watts

Location Ambient Temperatures (Check box next to which lowest expected temperature is used):

1) Lowest expected ambient temperature for the location (T_L) = **Between -1° to -5° C**

Lowest expected ambient temperature for the location (T_L) = **Between -6° to -10° C**

Average ambient high temperature (T_H) = 47° C

Note: For a lower T_L or a higher T_H , use the Comprehensive Standard Plan

DC Information:

Module Manufacturer: _____ Model: _____

2) Module V_{oc} (from module nameplate): _____ Volts 3) Module I_{sc} (from module nameplate): _____ Amps

4) Module DC output power under standard test conditions (STC) = _____ Watts (STC)

5) DC Module Layout

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Identify each source circuit (string) for inverter 1 shown on the roof plan with a Tag (e.g. A,B,C,...) | Number of modules per source circuit for inverter 1 | Identify, by tag, which source circuits on the roof are to be paralleled (if none, put N/A) |
| | | Combiner 1: |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | Combiner 2: |
| | | |
| | | |
| Total number of source circuits for inverter 1: | | |

6) Are DC/DC Converters used? Yes No **If No, skip to Step 7. If Yes enter info below.**

| | |
|--|---|
| DC/DC Converter Model #: _____ | DC/DC Converter Max DC Input Voltage: _____ Volts |
| Max DC Output Current: _____ Amps | Max DC Output Current: _____ Volts |
| Max # of DC/DC Converters in an Input Circuit: _____ | DC/DC Converter Max DC Input Power: _____ Watts |

7) Maximum System DC Voltage — Use A1 or A2 for systems without DC/DC converters, and B1 or B2 with DC/DC Converters.

A1. Module V_{oc} (STEP 2) = _____ x # in series (STEP 5) _____ x 1.12 (If $-1 \leq T_L \leq -5^\circ\text{C}$, STEP 1) = _____ V

A2. Module V_{oc} (STEP 2) = _____ x # in series (STEP 5) _____ x 1.14 (If $-6 \leq T_L \leq -10^\circ\text{C}$, STEP 1) = _____ V

| Table 1. Maximum Number of PV Modules in Series Based on Module Rated V_{oc} for 600 Vdc Rated Equipment (CEC 690.7) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Max. Rated Module V_{oc} (*1.12) (Volts) | 29.76 | 31.51 | 33.48 | 35.71 | 38.27 | 41.21 | 44.64 | 48.70 | 53.57 | 59.52 | 66.96 | 76.53 | 89.29 |
| Max. Rated Module V_{oc} (*1.14) (Volts) | 29.24 | 30.96 | 32.89 | 35.09 | 37.59 | 40.49 | 43.86 | 47.85 | 52.63 | 58.48 | 65.79 | 75.19 | 87.72 |
| Max # of Modules for 600 Vdc | 18 | 17 | 16 | 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 |

Use for DC/DC converters. The value calculated below must be less than DC/DC converter max DC input voltage (STEP 6).

B1. Module V_{oc} (STEP 2) = _____ x # of modules per converter (STEP 6) _____ x 1.12 (If $-1 \leq T_L \leq -5^\circ\text{C}$, STEP 1) = _____ V

B2. Module V_{oc} (STEP 2) = _____ x # of modules per converter (STEP 6) _____ x 1.14 (If $-6 \leq T_L \leq -10^\circ\text{C}$, STEP 1) = _____ V

| Table 2. Largest Module V_{oc} for Single-Module DC/DC Converter Configurations (with 80 V AFCI Cap) (CEC 690.7 and 690.11) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Max. Rated Module V_{oc} (*1.12) (Volts) | 30.4 | 33.0 | 35.7 | 38.4 | 41.1 | 43.8 | 46.4 | 49.1 | 51.8 | 54.5 | 57.1 | 59.8 | 62.5 | 65.2 | 67.9 | 70.5 |
| Max. Rated Module V_{oc} (*1.14) (Volts) | 29.8 | 32.5 | 35.1 | 37.7 | 40.4 | 43.0 | 45.6 | 48.2 | 50.9 | 53.5 | 56.1 | 58.8 | 61.4 | 64.0 | 66.7 | 69.3 |
| DC/DC Converter Max DC Input (Step #6) (Volts) | 34 | 37 | 40 | 43 | 46 | 49 | 52 | 55 | 58 | 61 | 64 | 67 | 70 | 73 | 76 | 79 |

8) Maximum System DC Voltage from DC/DC Converters to Inverter — Only required if Yes in Step 6
 Maximum System DC Voltage = _____ Volts

9) Maximum Source Circuit Current
 Is Module I_{sc} below 9.6 Amps (Step 3)? Yes No (If No, use Comprehensive Standard Plan)

10) Sizing Source Circuit Conductors
 Source Circuit Conductor Size = Min. #10 AWG copper conductor, 90° C wet (USE-2, PV Wire, XHHW-2, THWN-2, RHW-2)
 For up to 8 conductors in roof-mounted conduit exposed to sunlight at least ½" from the roof covering (CEC 310)
 Note: For over 8 conductors in the conduit or mounting height of lower than ½" from the roof, use Comprehensive Plan.

11) Are PV source circuits combined prior to the inverter? Yes No
 If No, use Single Line Diagram 1 and proceed to Step 13.
 If Yes, use Single Line Diagram 2 with Single Line Diagram 4 and proceed to Step 12.
 Is source circuit OCPD required? Yes No
 Source circuit OCPD size (if needed): 15 Amps

12) Sizing PV Output Circuit Conductors — If a combiner box will NOT be used (Step 11),
 Output Circuit Conductor Size = Min. #6 AWG copper conductor

13) Inverter DC Disconnect
 Does the inverter have an integrated DC disconnect? Yes No If Yes, proceed to step 14.
 If No, the external DC disconnect to be installed is rated for _____ Amps (DC) and _____ Volts (DC)

14) Inverter Information
 Manufacturer: _____ Model: _____
 Max. Continuous AC Output Current Rating: _____ Amps
 Integrated DC Arc-Fault Circuit Protection? Yes No (If No is selected, Comprehensive Standard Plan)
 Grounded or Ungrounded System? Grounded Ungrounded

AC Information:

15) Sizing Inverter Output Circuit Conductors and OCPD
 Inverter Output OCPD rating = _____ Amps (Table 3)
 Inverter Output Circuit Conductor Size = _____ AWG (Table 3)

| Table 3. Minimum Inverter Output OCPD and Circuit Conductor Size | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Inverter Continuous Output Current Rating (Amps) (Step 14) | 12 | 16 | 20 | 24 | 28 | 32 | 36 | 40 | 48 |
| Minimum OCPD Size (Amps) | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 | 60 |
| Minimum Conductor Size (AWG, 75° C, Copper) | 14 | 12 | 10 | 10 | 8 | 8 | 6 | 6 | 6 |

16) Point of Connection to Utility

Only load side connections are permitted with this plan. Otherwise, use Comprehensive Standard Plan.

Is the PV OCPD positioned at the opposite end from input feeder location or main OCPD location? Yes No

If Yes, circle the Max Combined PV System OCPD(s) at 120% value as determined from Step 15 (or Step S20), bus bar Rating, and Main OCPD as shown in Table 4.

If No, circle the Max Combined PV System OCPD(s) at 100% value as determined from Step 15 (or Step S20), bus bar Rating, and Main OCPD as shown in Table 4.

Per 705.12(D)(2): [Inverter output OCPD size [Step #15 or S20] + Main OCPD Size] ≤ [bus size x (100% or 120%)]

| Table 4. Maximum Combined Supply OCPDs Based on Bus Bar Rating (Amps) per CEC 705.12(D)(2) | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Bus Bar Rating | 100 | 125 | 125 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 225 | 225 | 225 | |
| Main OCPD | 100 | 100 | 125 | 150 | 175 | 200 | 175 | 200 | 225 | 225 |
| Max Combined PV System OCPD(s) at 120% of Bus Bar Rating | 20 | 50 | 25 | 60* | 60* | 40 | 60* | 60* | 45 | |
| Max Combined PV System OCPD(s) at 100% Bus Bar Rating | 0 | 25 | 0 | 50 | 25 | 0 | 50 | 25 | 0 | |

*This value has been lowered to 60 A from the calculated value to reflect 10 kW AC size maximum.

Reduction of the main breaker is not permitted with this plan. Otherwise, use Comprehensive Standard Plan.

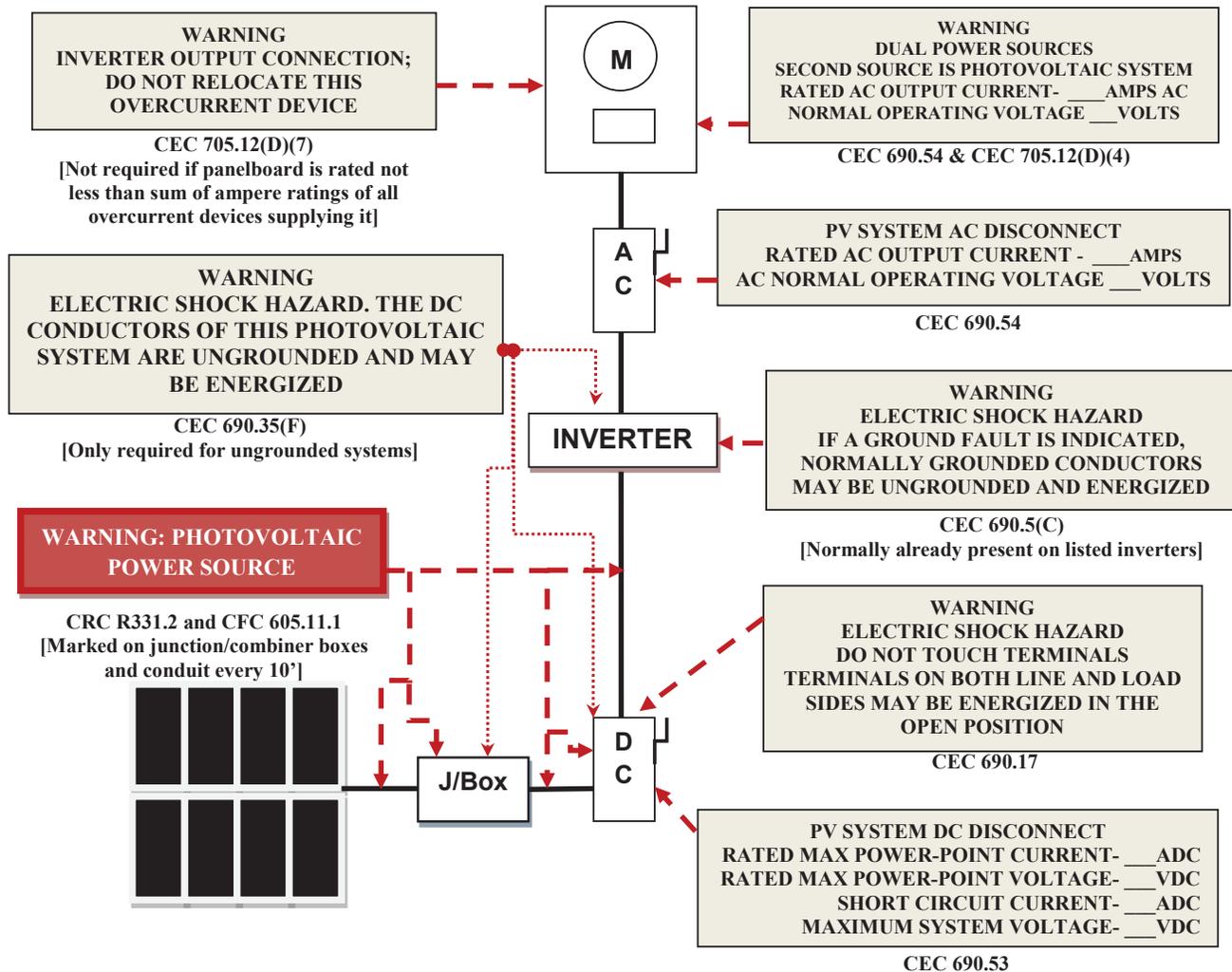
17 & 18 & 19) Labels and Grounding and Bonding

This content is covered by the labels on the next page and the Single Line Diagram(s). For background information, refer to the Comprehensive Standard Plan.

Solar PV Standard Plan — Simplified Central/String Inverter Systems for One- and Two-Family Dwellings

Markings

CEC Articles 690 and 705 and CRC Section R331 require the following labels or markings be installed at these components of the photovoltaic system:



Code Abbreviations:

- California Electrical Code (CEC)
- California Residential Code (CRC)
- California Fire Code (CFC)

Informational note: ANSI Z535.4 provides guidelines for the design of safety signs and labels for application to products. A phenolic plaque with contrasting colors between the text and background would meet the intent of the code for permanency. No type size is specified, but 20 point (3/8") should be considered the minimum.

CEC 705.12 requires a permanent plaque or directory denoting all electric power sources on or in the premises.

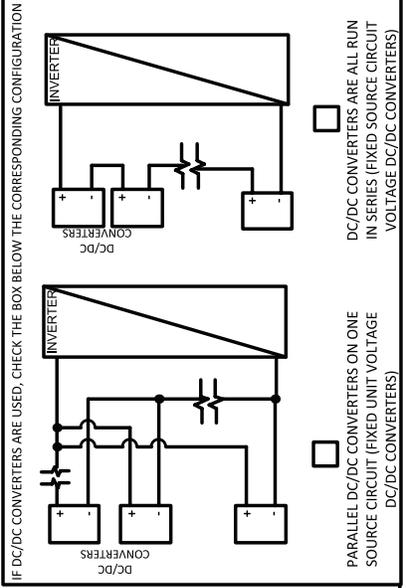
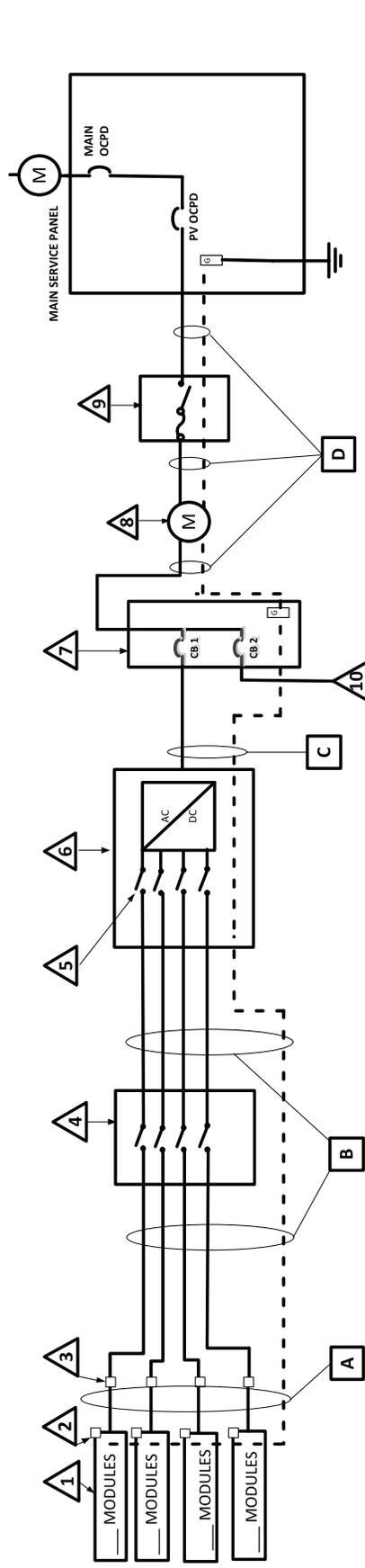
Solar PV Standard Plan — Simplified Central/String Inverter Systems for One- and Two-Family Dwellings

SINGLE-LINE DIAGRAM #1 – NO STRINGS COMBINED PRIOR TO INVERTER

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | |
|---|--------------------------|---|---|--|---|------------------|---------------------------------|---|---|---|
| 1 | SOLAR PV MODULE / STRING | DC/DC CONVERTERS INSTALLED? YES / NO (IF YES, STEPS 6 & 8 REQUIRED) | SOURCE CIRCUIT JUNCTION BOX INSTALLED? YES / NO | SEPARATE DC DISCONNECT INSTALLED? YES / NO | INTERNAL INVERTER DC DISCONNECT? YES / NO | CENTRAL INVERTER | LOAD CENTER INSTALLED? YES / NO | PV PRODUCTION METER INSTALLED? YES / NO | *SEPARATE AC DISCONNECT INSTALLED? YES / NO | CONNECT TO INVERTER #2 (USE LINE DIAGRAM 2) |

* Consult with your local AHJ and /or Utility

- CHECK A BOX FOR WHETHER SYSTEM IS GROUNDED OR UNGROUNDED:
- GROUNDED (INCLUDE GEC)
 - UNGROUNDED
- FOR UNGROUNDED SYSTEMS:
- DC OCPD MUST DISCONNECT BOTH CONDUCTORS OF EACH SOURCE CIRCUIT
 - UNGROUNDED CONDUCTORS MUST BE IDENTIFIED PER 210.5(C). WHITE-FINISHED CONDUCTORS ARE NOT PERMITTED.



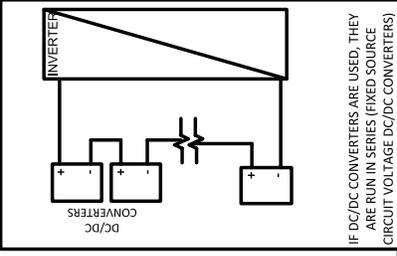
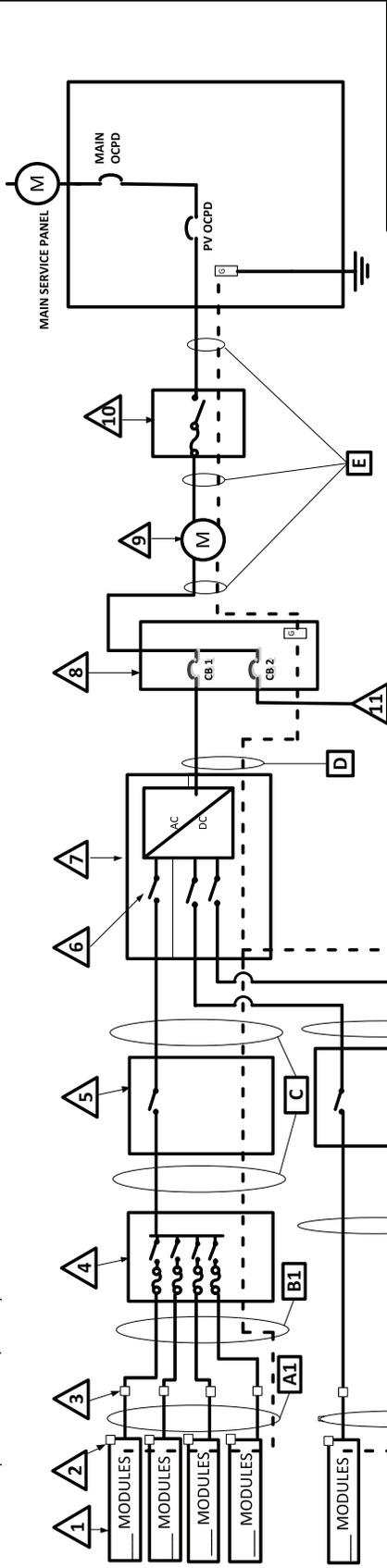
ENTER "N/A" WHERE SUITABLE FOR WHEN NOT USING CONDUIT OR CABLE AS PERMITTED BY CODE

| CONDUCTOR/CONDUIT SCHEDULE | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--|----------------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| TAG | DESCRIPTION AND CONDUCTOR TYPE | CONDUCTOR SIZE | NUMBER OF CONDUCTORS | CONDUIT/CABLE TYPE | CONDUIT SIZE |
| A | USE-2 <input type="checkbox"/> OR PV-WIRE <input type="checkbox"/> | | | | |
| B | EGC/GEC: | | | | |
| C | EGC/GEC: | | | | |
| D | EGC/GEC: | | | | |

Solar PV Standard Plan — Simplified Central/String Inverter Systems for One- and Two-Family Dwellings

| △ TAG | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|---|
| 1 | SOLAR PV MODULE / STRING |
| 2 | DC/DC CONVERTERS INSTALLED? YES / NO (IF YES, STEPS 6 & 8 REQUIRED) |
| 3 | SOURCE CIRCUIT JUNCTION BOX INSTALLED?: YES / NO |
| 4 | COMBINER BOX (STEPS 11 & 12 REQUIRED) |
| 5 | SEPARATE DC DISCONNECT INSTALLED?: YES / NO |
| 6 | INTERNAL INVERTER DC DISCONNECT: YES / NO |
| 7 | CENTRAL INVERTER |
| 8 | LOAD CENTER INSTALLED?: YES / NO |
| 9 | PV PRODUCTION METER INSTALLED?: YES / NO |
| 10 | *SEPARATE AC DISCONNECT INSTALLED?: YES / NO |
| 11 | CONNECT TO INVERTER #2 (USE LINE DIAGRAM 4) |

* Consult with your local AHJ and /or Utility



IF DC/DC CONVERTERS ARE USED, THEY ARE RUN IN SERIES (FIXED SOURCE CIRCUIT VOLTAGE DC/DC CONVERTERS)

SINGLE-LINE DIAGRAM #2 – COMBINING STRINGS PRIOR TO INVERTER

CHECK A BOX FOR WHETHER SYSTEM IS GROUNDED OR UNGROUNDED: GROUNDED (INCLUDE GEC) UNGROUNDED

FOR UNGROUNDED SYSTEMS:
 - DC OCPD MUST DISCONNECT BOTH CONDUCTORS OF EACH SOURCE CIRCUIT
 - UNGROUNDED CONDUCTORS MUST BE IDENTIFIED PER 210.5(C). WHITE-FINISHED CONDUCTORS ARE NOT PERMITTED.

| NON-COMBINED STRINGS CONDUCTOR/CONDUIT SCHEDULE (IF APPLICABLE) | | | |
|---|--|----------------------|--------------------|
| △ TAG | DESCRIPTION AND CONDUCTOR TYPE | NUMBER OF CONDUCTORS | CONDUIT/CABLE TYPE |
| A2 | USE-2 <input type="checkbox"/> OR PV-WIRE <input type="checkbox"/> | | |
| B2 | EGC/GEC: <input type="checkbox"/> | | |
| | EGC/GEC: <input type="checkbox"/> | | |

| COMBINER CONDUCTOR/CONDUIT SCHEDULE | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|----------------------|--------------------|
| △ TAG | DESCRIPTION AND CONDUCTOR TYPE | NUMBER OF CONDUCTORS | CONDUIT/CABLE TYPE |
| A1 | USE-2 <input type="checkbox"/> OR PV-WIRE <input type="checkbox"/> | | |
| B1 | EGC/GEC: <input type="checkbox"/> | | |
| C | EGC/GEC: <input type="checkbox"/> | | |
| D | EGC/GEC: <input type="checkbox"/> | | |
| E | EGC/GEC: <input type="checkbox"/> | | |

ENTER "N/A" WHERE SUITABLE FOR WHEN NOT USING CONDUIT OR CABLE AS PERMITTED BY CODE

Solar PV Standard Plan — Simplified Central/String Inverter Systems for One- and Two-Family Dwellings

Supplemental Calculation Sheets for Inverter #2 (Only include if second inverter is used)

DC Information:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Module Manufacturer: _____ | | Model: _____ |
| S2) Module V_{oc} (from module nameplate): _____ Volts | S3) Module I_{sc} (from module nameplate): _____ Amps | |
| S4) Module DC output power under standard test conditions (STC) = _____ Watts (STC) | | |
| S5) DC Module Layout | | |
| Identify each source circuit (string) for inverter 1 shown on the roof plan with a Tag (e.g. A,B,C,...) | Number of modules per source circuit for inverter 1 | Identify, by tag, which source circuits on the roof are to be paralleled (if none, put N/A) |
| | | Combiner 1: |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | Combiner 2: |
| | | |
| | | |
| Total number of source circuits for inverter 1: _____ | | |
| S6) Are DC/DC Converters used? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No | | If No, skip to Step S7. If Yes, enter info below. |
| DC/DC Converter Model #: _____ | | DC/DC Converter Max DC Input Voltage: _____ Volts |
| Max DC Output Current: _____ Amps | | Max DC Output Current: _____ Volts |
| Max # of DC/DC Converters in an Input Circuit: _____ | | DC/DC Converter Max DC Input Power: _____ Watts |

S7) Maximum System DC Voltage — Use A1 or A2 for systems without DC/DC converters, and B1 or B2 with DC/DC Converters.

- A1. Module V_{oc} (STEP S2) = _____ x # in series (STEP S5) _____ x 1.12 (If $-1 \leq T_L \leq -5^\circ\text{C}$, STEP S1) = _____ V
 A2. Module V_{oc} (STEP S2) = _____ x # in series (STEP S5) _____ x 1.14 (If $-6 \leq T_L \leq -10^\circ\text{C}$, STEP S1) = _____ V

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Max. Rated Module V_{oc} (*1.12) (Volts) | 29.76 | 31.51 | 33.48 | 35.71 | 38.27 | 41.21 | 44.64 | 48.70 | 53.57 | 59.52 | 66.96 | 76.53 | 89.29 |
| Max. Rated Module V_{oc} (*1.14) (Volts) | 29.24 | 30.96 | 32.89 | 35.09 | 37.59 | 40.49 | 43.86 | 47.85 | 52.63 | 58.48 | 65.79 | 75.19 | 87.72 |
| Max # of Modules for 600 Vdc | 18 | 17 | 16 | 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 |

Use for DC/DC converters. The value calculated below must be less than DC/DC converter max DC input voltage (STEP S6).

- B1. Module V_{oc} (STEP S2) = _____ x # of modules per converter (STEP S6) _____ x 1.12 (If $-1 \leq T_L \leq -5^\circ\text{C}$, STEP S1) = _____ V
 B2. Module V_{oc} (STEP S2) = _____ x # of modules per converter (STEP S6) _____ x 1.14 (If $-6 \leq T_L \leq -10^\circ\text{C}$, STEP S1) = _____ V

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Max. Rated Module V_{oc} (*1.12) (Volts) | 30.4 | 33.0 | 35.7 | 38.4 | 41.1 | 43.8 | 46.4 | 49.1 | 51.8 | 54.5 | 57.1 | 59.8 | 62.5 | 65.2 | 67.9 | 70.5 |
| Max. Rated Module V_{oc} (*1.14) (Volts) | 29.8 | 32.5 | 35.1 | 37.7 | 40.4 | 43.0 | 45.6 | 48.2 | 50.9 | 53.5 | 56.1 | 58.8 | 61.4 | 64.0 | 66.7 | 69.3 |
| DC/DC Converter Max DC Input (Step 6) (Volts) | 34 | 37 | 40 | 43 | 46 | 49 | 52 | 55 | 58 | 61 | 64 | 67 | 70 | 73 | 76 | 79 |

S8) Maximum System DC Voltage from DC/DC Converters to Inverter — Only required if Yes in Step S6
 Maximum System DC Voltage = _____ Volts

S9) Maximum Source Circuit Current
 Is Module I_{sc} below 9.6 Amps (Step S3)? Yes No (If No, use Comprehensive Standard Plan)

S10) Sizing Source Circuit Conductors
 Source Circuit Conductor Size = Min. #10 AWG copper conductor, 90° C wet (USE-2, PV Wire, XHHW-2, THWN-2, RHW-2)
 For up to 8 conductors in roof-mounted conduit exposed to sunlight at least ½" from the roof covering (CEC 310)
 Note: For over 8 conductors in the conduit or mounting height of lower than ½" from the roof, use Comprehensive Plan.

S11) Are PV source circuits combined prior to the inverter? Yes No
 If No, use Single Line Diagram 1 and proceed to Step S13.
 If Yes, use Single Line Diagram 2 with Single Line Diagram 4 and proceed to Step S12.
 Is source circuit OCPD required? Yes No
 Source circuit OCPD size (if needed): 15 Amps

S12) Sizing PV Output Circuit Conductors — If a combiner box will NOT be used (Step S11),
 Output Circuit Conductor Size = Min. #6 AWG copper conductor

S13) Inverter DC Disconnect
 Does the inverter have an integrated DC disconnect? Yes No If Yes, proceed to Step S14.
 If No, the external DC disconnect to be installed is rated for _____ Amps (DC) and _____ Volts (DC)

S14) Inverter Information

Manufacturer: _____ Model: _____
Max. Continuous AC Output Current Rating: _____ Amps
Integrated DC Arc-Fault Circuit Protection? Yes No (If No is selected, Comprehensive Standard Plan)
Grounded or Ungrounded System? Grounded Ungrounded

AC Information:

S15) Sizing Inverter Output Circuit Conductors and OCPD

Inverter Output OCPD rating = _____ Amps (Table 3)
Inverter Output Circuit Conductor Size = _____ AWG (Table 3)

| | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Inverter Continuous Output Current Rating (Amps) (Step 14) | 12 | 16 | 20 | 24 | 28 | 32 | 36 | 40 | 48 |
| Minimum OCPD Size (Amps) | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 | 60 |
| Minimum Conductor Size (AWG, 75° C, Copper) | 14 | 12 | 10 | 10 | 8 | 8 | 6 | 6 | 6 |

Load Center Calculations (Omit if a load center will not be installed for PV OCPDs)

S20) Load Center Output:

Calculate the sum of the maximum AC outputs from each inverter.

Inverter #1 Max Continuous AC Output Current Rating [STEP S14] _____ × 1.25 = _____ Amps

Inverter #2 Max Continuous AC Output Current Rating [STEP S14] _____ × 1.25 = _____ Amps

Total inverter currents connected to load center (sum of above) = _____ Amps

Conductor Size: _____ AWG

Overcurrent Protection Device: _____ Amps

Load center bus bar rating: _____ Amps

The sum of the ampere ratings of overcurrent devices in circuits supplying power to a bus bar or conductor shall not exceed 120 percent of the rating of the bus bar or conductor.

Solar PV Standard Plan — Simplified Central/String Inverter Systems for One- and Two-Family Dwellings

**SINGLE-LINE DIAGRAM #3 – ADDITIONAL INVERTER FOR DIAGRAM #1
INVERTER # 2**

CHECK A BOX FOR WHETHER SYSTEM IS GROUNDED OR UNGROUNDED: GROUNDED (INCLUDE GEC) UNGROUNDED

FOR UNGROUNDED SYSTEMS:
 - DC OCPD MUST DISCONNECT BOTH CONDUCTORS OF EACH SOURCE CIRCUIT
 - UNGROUNDED CONDUCTORS MUST BE IDENTIFIED PER 210.5(C). WHITE-FINISHED CONDUCTORS ARE NOT PERMITTED.

ENTER "N/A" WHERE SUITABLE FOR WHEN NOT USING CONDUIT OR CABLE AS PERMITTED BY CODE

IF DC/DC CONVERTERS ARE USED, CHECK THE BOX BELOW THE CORRESPONDING CONFIGURATION

PARALLEL DC/DC CONVERTERS ON ONE SOURCE CIRCUIT (FIXED UNIT VOLTAGE DC/DC CONVERTERS)

DC/DC CONVERTERS ARE ALL RUN IN SERIES (FIXED SOURCE CIRCUIT VOLTAGE DC/DC CONVERTERS)

| TAG | | CONDUCTOR/CONDUIT SCHEDULE | | | | |
|--------------------------|---|--|----------------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| | | DESCRIPTION AND CONDUCTOR TYPE | CONDUCTOR SIZE | NUMBER OF CONDUCTORS | CONDUIT/CABLE TYPE | CONDUIT SIZE |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | A | USE-2 <input type="checkbox"/> OR PV-WIRE <input type="checkbox"/> | | | | |
| | B | EGC/GEC: | | | | |
| | C | EGC/GEC: | | | | |
| | | EGC/GEC: | | | | |

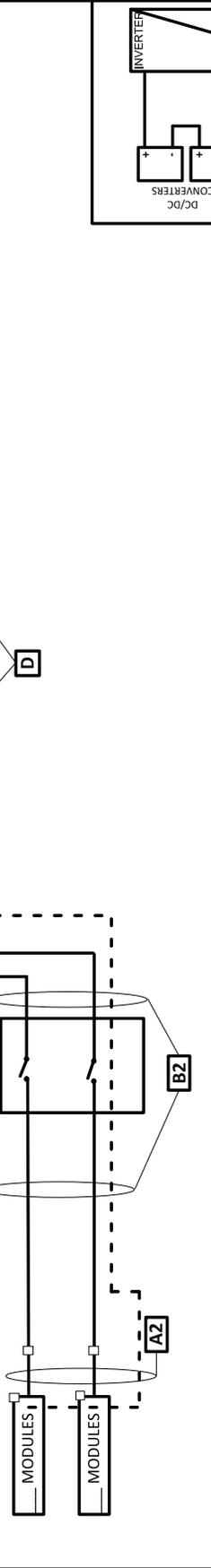
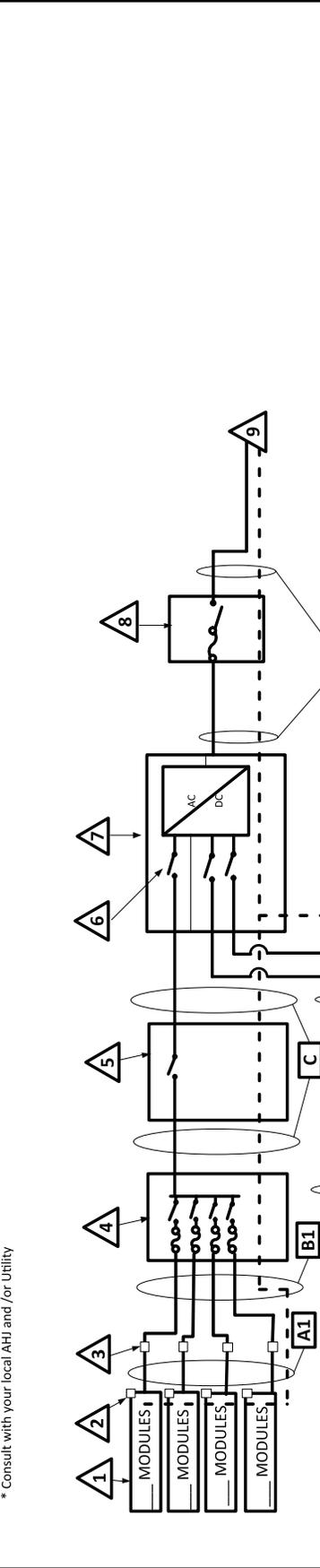
| △ TAG | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|---|
| 1 | SOLAR PV MODULE / STRING |
| 2 | DC/DC CONVERTERS INSTALLED? YES / NO (IF YES, STEPS 6 & 8 REQUIRED) |
| 3 | SOURCE CIRCUIT JUNCTION BOX INSTALLED?: YES / NO |
| 4 | SEPARATE DC DISCONNECT INSTALLED?: YES / NO |
| 5 | INTERNAL INVERTER DC DISCONNECT: YES / NO |
| 6 | CENTRAL INVERTER |
| 7 | *SEPARATE AC DISCONNECT INSTALLED?: YES / NO |
| 8 | TO LOAD CENTER ON LINE DIAGRAM 1 |

* Consult with your local AHJ and /or Utility

Solar PV Standard Plan — Simplified Central/String Inverter Systems for One- and Two-Family Dwellings

| TAG | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|---|
| 1 | SOLAR PV MODULE / STRING |
| 2 | DC/DC CONVERTERS INSTALLED? YES / NO (IF YES, STEPS 6 & 8 REQUIRED) |
| 3 | SOURCE CIRCUIT JUNCTION BOX INSTALLED?: YES / NO |
| 4 | COMBINER BOX (STEPS 11 & 12 REQUIRED) |
| 5 | SEPARATE DC DISCONNECT INSTALLED?: YES / NO |
| 6 | INTERNAL INVERTER DC DISCONNECT: YES / NO |
| 7 | CENTRAL INVERTER |
| 8 | *SEPARATE AC DISCONNECT INSTALLED?: YES / NO |
| 9 | TO LOAD CENTER ON LINE DIAGRAM 3 |

* Consult with your local AHJ and /or Utility



| COMBINER CONDUCTOR/CONDUIT SCHEDULE | | NON-COMBINED STRINGS CONDUCTOR/CONDUIT SCHEDULE (IF APPLICABLE) | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|---|----------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| TAG | DESCRIPTION AND CONDUCTOR TYPE | CONDUCTOR SIZE | NUMBER OF CONDUCTORS | CONDUIT/CABLE TYPE | CONDUIT SIZE |
| A1 | USE-2 <input type="checkbox"/> OR PV-WIRE <input type="checkbox"/> | | | | |
| B1 | EGC/GEC: | | | | |
| C | EGC/GEC: | | | | |
| D | EGC/GEC: | | | | |
| | EGC/GEC: | | | | |

ENTER "N/A" WHERE SUITABLE FOR WHEN NOT USING CONDUIT OR CABLE AS PERMITTED BY CODE



DC/DC CONVERTERS

INVERTER

IF DC/DC CONVERTERS ARE USED, THEY ARE RUN IN SERIES (FIXED SOURCE CIRCUIT VOLTAGE DC/DC CONVERTERS)

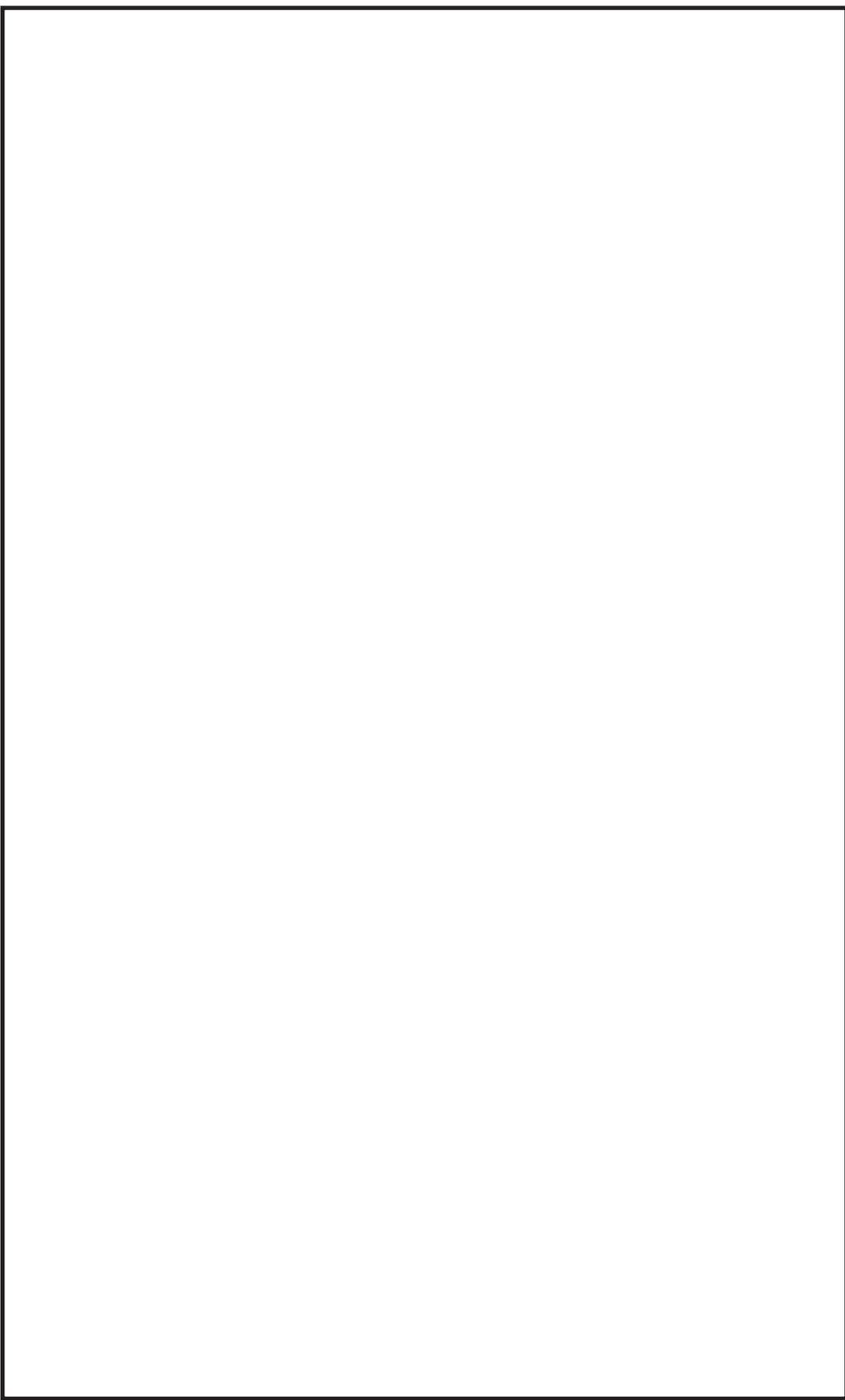
SINGLE-LINE DIAGRAM #4 – ADDITIONAL INVERTER FOR DIAGRAM #2
INVERTER # 2

CHECK A BOX FOR WHETHER SYSTEM IS GROUNDED OR UNGROUNDED: GROUNDED (INCLUDE GEC) UNGROUNDED

FOR UNGROUNDED SYSTEMS:
- DC OCPD MUST DISCONNECT BOTH CONDUCTORS OF EACH SOURCE CIRCUIT
- UNGROUNDED CONDUCTORS MUST BE IDENTIFIED PER 210.5(C). WHITE-FINISHED CONDUCTORS ARE NOT PERMITTED.

SOLAR PV STANDARD PLAN

Roof Layout Diagram for One- and Two-Family Dwellings



Items required: roof layout of all panels, modules, clear access pathways and approximate locations of electrical disconnecting means and roof access points.



GRAND TERRACE SOLAR APPLICATION DOCUMENT #4

Solar PV Standard Plan — Simplified Microinverter and ACM Systems for One- and Two-Family Dwellings

SCOPE: Use this plan ONLY for systems using utility-interactive Microinverters or AC Modules (ACM) not exceeding a combined system AC inverter output rating of 10 kW, with a maximum of 3 branch circuits, one PV module per inverter and with PV module ISC maximum of 10-A DC, installed on a roof of a one- or two-family dwelling or accessory structure. The photovoltaic system must interconnect to a single-phase AC service panel of 120/240 Vac with service panel bus bar rating of 225 A or less. This plan is not intended for bipolar systems, hybrid systems or systems that utilize storage batteries, charge controllers or trackers. Systems must be in compliance with current California Building Standards Codes and local amendments of the authority having jurisdiction (AHJ). Other articles of the California Electrical Code (CEC) shall apply as specified in section 690.3.

MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATION SHEETS MUST BE PROVIDED for proposed inverters, modules, combiner/junction boxes and racking systems. Installation instructions for bonding and grounding equipment shall be provided and local AHJs may require additional details. Listed and labeled equipment shall be installed and used in accordance with any instructions included in the listing or labeling (CEC 110.3). Equipment intended for use with PV system shall be identified and listed for the application CEC 690.4(D).

Applicant and Site Information

Job Address: _____ Permit #: _____

Contractor/Engineer Name: _____ License # and Class: _____

Signature: _____ Date: _____ Phone Number: _____

1. General Requirements and System Information

Microinverter

Number of PV modules installed: _____

Number of Microinverters installed: _____

AC Module (ACM)

Number of ACMs installed: _____

Note: Listed Alternating-Current Module (ACM) is defined in CEC 690.2 and installed per CEC 690.6

1.1 Number of Branch Circuits, 1, 2 or 3: _____

1.2 Actual number of Microinverters or ACMs per branch circuit: 1 _____ 2. _____ 3. _____

1.3 Total AC system power rating = (Total Number of Microinverters or ACMs) * (AC inverter power output)
= _____ Watts

1.4 Lowest expected ambient temperature for this plan in Table 1: For -1° to -5° C use 1.12 or for -6° to -10° C use 1.14 correction factors.

1.5 Average ambient high temperature for this plan: = +47° C

Note: For lower expected ambient or higher average ambient high temperatures, use Comprehensive Standard Plan.

2. Microinverter or ACM Information and Ratings

Microinverters with ungrounded DC inputs shall be installed in accordance with CEC 690.35.

Microinverter or ACM Manufacturer: _____

Model: _____

2.1 Rated (continuous) AC output power: _____ Watts

2.2 Nominal AC voltage rating: _____ Volts

2.3 Rated (continuous) AC output current: _____ Amps

If installing ACMs, skip [STEPS 2.4]

2.4 Maximum DC input voltage rating: _____ Volts (limited to 79 V, otherwise use the Comprehensive Standard Plan)

2.5 Maximum AC output overcurrent protection device (OCPD) _____ Amps

2.6 Maximum number of microinverters or ACMs per branch circuit: _____

3. PV Module Information

(If installing ACMs, skip to [STEP 4])

PV Module Manufacturer: _____

Model: _____

Module DC output power under standard test conditions (STC) = _____ Watts

3.1 Module V_{oc} at STC (from module nameplate): _____ Volts

3.2 Module I_{sc} at STC (from module nameplate): _____ Amps

3.3 Adjusted PV Module DC voltage at minimum temperature = [Table 1] _____ [cannot exceed Step 2.4]

| Table 1. Module V_{oc} at STC Based on Inverter Maximum DC Input Voltage Derived from CEC 690.7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Microinverter Max. DC Input [STEP 2.4] (Volts) | 34 | 37 | 40 | 43 | 46 | 49 | 52 | 55 | 58 | 61 | 64 | 67 | 70 | 73 | 76 | 79 |
| Max. Module VOC @ STC, 1.12 (-1° to -5° C) Correction Factor (Volts) | 30.4 | 33.0 | 35.7 | 38.4 | 41.1 | 43.8 | 46.4 | 49.1 | 51.8 | 54.5 | 57.1 | 59.8 | 62.5 | 65.2 | 67.9 | 70.5 |
| Max. Module VOC @ STC, 1.14 (-6° to -10° C) Correction Factor (Volts) | 29.8 | 32.5 | 35.1 | 37.7 | 40.4 | 43.0 | 45.6 | 48.2 | 50.9 | 53.5 | 56.1 | 58.8 | 61.4 | 64.0 | 66.7 | 69.3 |

4. Branch Circuit Output Information

Fill in [Table 3] to describe the branch circuit inverter output conductor and OCPD size. Use [Table 2] for determining the OCPD and Minimum Conductor size.

| Table 2. Branch Circuit OCPD and Minimum Conductor Size* | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|-------------|------------------------------|--|
| Circuit Current (Amps) | Circuit Power (Watts) | OCPD (Amps) | Minimum Conductor Size (AWG) | Minimum Metal Conduit Size for 6 Current Carrying Conductors |
| 12 | 2880 | 15 | 12 | ¾" |
| 16 | 3840 | 20 | 10 | ¾" |
| 20 | 4800 | 25 | 8 | 1" |
| 24 | 5760 | 30 | 8 | 1" |

*CEC 690.8 and 210.19 (A)(1) factored in Table 2, conductors are copper, insulation must be 90° C wet-rated. Table 2 values are based on maximum ambient temperature of 69° C, which includes 22° C adder, exposed to direct sunlight, mounted > 0.5 inches above rooftop, ≤ 6 current carrying conductors (3 circuits) in a circular raceway. Otherwise use Comprehensive Standard Plan.

| Table 3. PV Array Configuration Summary | | | |
|--|----------|----------|----------|
| | Branch 1 | Branch 2 | Branch 3 |
| Number of Microinverters or ACMs [Step 1] | | | |
| Selected Conductor Size [Table 2] (AWG) | | | |
| Selected Branch and Inverter Output OCPD [Table 2] | | | |

5. Solar Load Center (if used)

5.1 Solar Load Center is to have a bus bar rating not less than 100 Amps. Otherwise use Comprehensive Standard Plan.

5.2 Circuit Power see [STEP 1] = _____ Watts

5.3 Circuit Current = (Circuit Power) / (AC voltage) = _____ Amps

| Table 4. Solar Load Center and Total Inverter Output OCPD and Conductor Size** | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|-------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Circuit Current (Amps) | Circuit Power (Watts) | OCPD (Amps) | Minimum Conductor Size (AWG) | Minimum Metal Conduit Size |
| 24 | 5760 | 30 | 10 | ½" |
| 28 | 6720 | 35 | 8 | ¾" |
| 32 | 7680 | 40 | 8 | ¾" |
| 36 | 8640 | 45 | 8 | ¾" |
| 40 | 9600 | 50 | 8 | ¾" |
| 41.6 | ≤ 10000 | 60 | 6 | ¾" |

**CEC 690.8 and 210.19 (A)(1) factored in Table 4, conductors are copper, insulation must be 90° C wet-rated. Table 4 values are based on maximum ambient temperature of 47° C (no rooftop temperature adder in this calculation), ≤ 3 current carrying conductors in a circular raceway. Otherwise use Comprehensive Standard Plan.

6. Point of Connection to Utility:

6.1 Load Side Connection only! Otherwise use the Comprehensive Standard Plan.

6.2 Is the PV OCPD positioned at the opposite end from input feeder location or main OCPD location?

Yes No (If No, then use 100% row in Table 5)

6.3 Per 705.12(D)(2): (Combined inverter output OCPD size + Main OCPD size) ≤ [bus bar size × (100% or 120%)]

| Table 5. Maximum Combined Inverter Output Circuit OCPD | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----|-----|-----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|-----------------|-----------------|-----|
| Bus Bar Size (Amps) | 100 | 125 | 125 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 225 | 225 | 225 |
| Main OCPD (Amps) | 100 | 100 | 125 | 150 | 175 | 200 | 175 | 200 | 225 |
| Maximum Combined Inverter OCPD with 120% of bus bar rating (Amps) | 20 | 50 | 25 | 60 [†] | 60 [†] | 40 | 60 [†] | 60 [†] | 45 |
| Maximum Combined Inverter OCPD with 100% of bus bar rating (Amps) | 0 | 25 | 0 | 50 | 25 | 0 | 50 | 25 | 0 |

[†]This plan limits the maximum system size to less than 10 kW, therefore the OCPD size is limited to 60 A. Reduction of Main Breaker is not permitted with this plan.

7. Grounding and Bonding

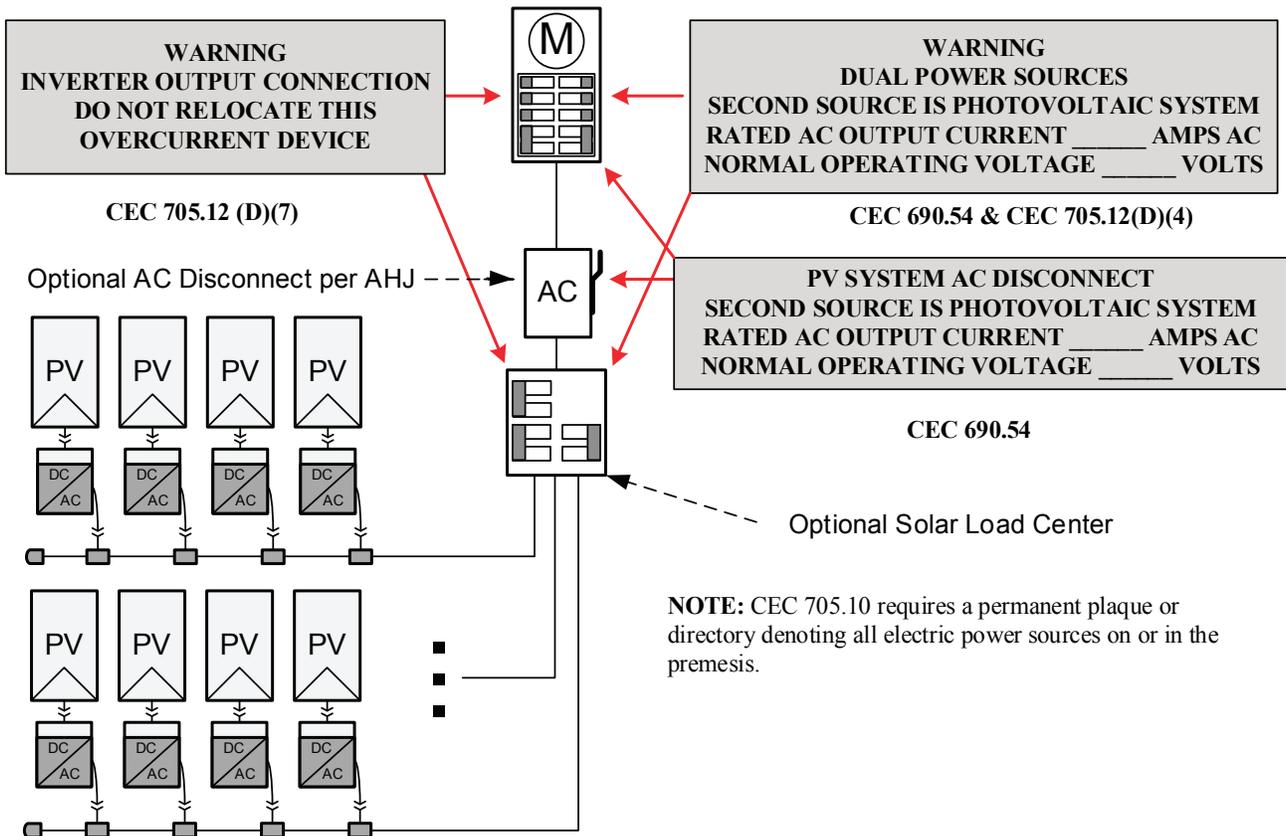
Check one of the boxes for whether system is grounded or ungrounded: Grounded Ungrounded

For Microinverters with a grounded DC input, systems must follow the requirements of GEC (CEC 690.47) and EGC (CEC 690.43).

For ACM systems and Microinverters with ungrounded a DC input follow the EGC requirements of (CEC 690.43).

8. Markings

Informational note: ANSI Z535.4 provides guidelines for the design of safety signs and labels for application to products. A phenolic plaque with contrasting colors between the text and background would meet the intent of the code for permanency. No type size is specified, but 20 point (3/8") should be considered the minimum.



Solar PV Standard Plan — Simplified Central/String Inverter Systems for One- and Two-Family Dwellings

9. Single-Inverter Line Diagram

Equipment Schedule

| TAG | DESCRIPTION: (Provide model # if provided) |
|-----|---|
| 1 | Solar PV Module or ACM: |
| 2 | Microinverter (if not ACM): |
| 3 | Junction Box (es): |
| 4 | Solar Load Center, Yes / No: |
| 5 | Performance Meter Yes / No: |
| 6 | *Utility External Disconnect Switch Yes / No: |
| 7 | Main Electrical Service Panel |

Single-Line Diagram for Microinverters or ACMs

Check a box for dc system grounding: Grounded, Ungrounded
 For ungrounded dc power systems, EGC is required
 For grounded dc power systems, GEC & EGC are required
 Refer to CEC 250.120 for EGC installation & Table 250.122 for sizing

* Consult with your local AHJ and /or Utility

Branch Circuit OCPDs (Table 3)

Branch 1 OCPD size _____
 Branch 2 OCPD size _____
 Branch 3 OCPD size _____
 Solar Load Center Busbar(Section 5) _____

Main Service Panel OCPDs

Main OCPD size: (table 5) _____
 Combined Inverter Output OCPD: (Table 4) _____
 Main Service Panel Busbar: (Table 5) _____

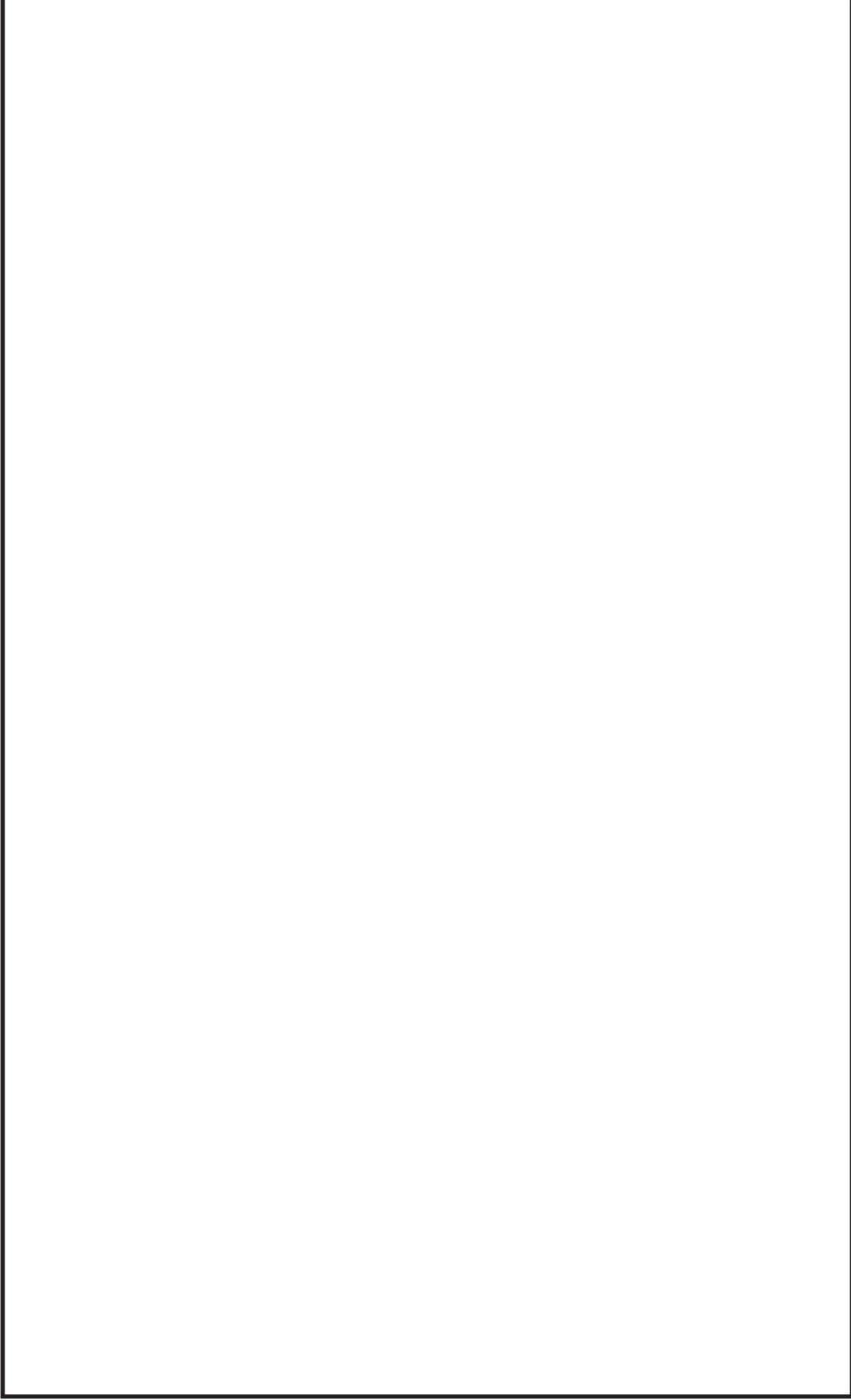
Conductor, Cable and Conduit Schedule

| TAG | Description and Conductor Type: (Table 3) | Conductor Size | Number of Conductors | Conduit/ Conductor/ Cable Type | Conduit Size |
|-----|--|----------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| A | Current-Carrying Conductors: (for each branch circuit) EGC: | | | | |
| B | GEC (when required): Current-Carrying Conductors: EGC: GEC (when required): | | | | |

SOLAR PV STANDARD PLAN — SIMPLIFIED

Microinverter and ACM Systems for One- and Two-Family Dwellings

ROOF LAYOUT PLAN



Items required: roof layout of all panels, modules, clear access pathways and approximate locations of electrical disconnecting means and roof access points.



Structural Criteria for Residential Rooftop Solar Energy Installations

STRUCTURAL CRITERIA FOR RESIDENTIAL FLUSH-MOUNTED SOLAR ARRAYS

1. ROOF CHECKS

A. Visual Review/Contractor's Site Audit of Existing Conditions:

- 1) Is the roof a single roof without a reroof overlay? Y N
- 2) Does the roof structure appear structurally sound, without signs of alterations or significant structural deterioration or sagging, as illustrated in Figure 1? Y N

B. Roof Structure Data:

- 1) Measured roof slope (e.g. 6:12): _____:12
- 2) Measured rafter spacing (center-to-center): _____ inch
- 3) Type of roof framing (rafter or manufactured truss): Rafter Truss

2. SOLAR ARRAY CHECKS

A. Flush-mounted Solar Array:

- 1) Is the plane of the modules (panels) parallel to the plane of the roof? Y N
- 2) Is there a 2" to 10" gap between underside of module and the roof surface? Y N
- 3) Modules do not overhang any roof edges (ridges, hips, gable ends, eaves)? Y N

B. Do the modules plus support components weigh no more than:

- 4 psf for photovoltaic arrays or 5 psf for solar thermal arrays? Y N

C. Does the array cover no more than half of the total roof area (all roof planes)? Y N

D. Are solar support component manufacturer's project-specific completed worksheets, tables with relevant cells circled, or web-based calculator results attached? Y N

E. Is a roof plan of the module and anchor layout attached? (see Figure 2) Y N

F. Downward Load Check (Anchor Layout Check):

- 1) Proposed anchor horizontal spacing (see Figure 2): _____' - _____"ft-in
- 2) Horizontal anchor spacing per Table 1: _____' - _____"ft-in
- 3) Is Proposed anchor horizontal spacing equal to or less than Table 1 spacing? Y N

G. Wind Uplift Check (Anchor Fastener Check):

- 1) Anchor fastener data (see Figure 3):
- a. Diameter of lag screw, hanger bolt or self-drilling screw: _____ inch
- b. Embedment depth of rafter: _____ inch
- c. Number of screws per anchor (typically one): _____
- d. Are 5/16" diameter lag screws with 2.5" embedment into the rafter used, OR does the anchor fastener meet the manufacturer's guidelines? Y N

3. SUMMARY

- A. All items above are checked YES. No additional calculations are required.
- B. One or more items are checked NO. Attach project-specific drawings and calculations stamped and signed by a California-licensed civil or structural engineer.

Job Address: _____

Contractor/Installer: _____

Signature: _____ Date: _____

Permit #: _____

License # & Class: _____

Phone #: _____

Optional Additional Rafter Span Check Criteria

[At option of CBO, insert rows (4) to (7) below into table above after row 1.B.(3)]

1. ROOF CHECKS

B. Roof Structure Data:

- 4) Measured rafter size (e.g. 1 3/4 x 3 3/4, not 2x4):
- 5) Measured rafter horizontal span (see Figure 4):
- 6) Horizontal rafter span per Table 2:
- 7) Is measured horizontal rafter span less than Table 2 span?

_____ x _____ inch
_____ ' - _____ "ft-in
_____ ' - _____ "ft-in
 Y N Truss

| Table 1. Maximum Horizontal Anchor Spacing | | | | |
|--|------------|----------------|-------------|-------------|
| Roof Slope | | Rafter Spacing | | |
| | | 16" o.c. | 24" o.c. | 32" o.c. |
| Photovoltaic Arrays (4 psf max) | | | | |
| Flat to 6:12 | 0° to 26° | 5'-4" | 6'-0" | 5'-4" |
| 7:12 to 12:12 | 27° to 45° | 1'-4" | 2'-0" | 2'-8" |
| 13:12 to 24:12 | 46° to 63° | 1'-4" | 2'-0" | 2'-8" |
| Solar Thermal Arrays (5 psf max) | | | | |
| Flat to 6:12 | 0° to 26° | 4'-0" | 4'-0" | 5'-4" |
| 7:12 to 12:12 | 27° to 45° | 1'-4" | 2'-0" | 2'-8" |
| 13:12 to 24:12 | 46° to 63° | Calc. Req'd | Calc. Req'd | Calc. Req'd |

Solar support component manufacturer's guidelines may be relied upon to ensure the array above the roof is properly designed, but manufacturer's guidelines typically do NOT check to ensure that the roof itself can support the concentrated loads from the solar array. Table 1 assumes that the roof complied with the building code in effect at the time of construction, and places limits on anchor horizontal spacing to ensure that a roof structure is not overloaded under either downward loads or wind uplift loads. Note 4 below lists the basic assumptions upon which this table is based.

Table 1 Notes:

1. Anchors are also known as "stand-offs," "feet," "mounts" or "points of attachment." Horizontal anchor spacing is also known as "cross-slope" or "east-west" anchor spacing (see Figure 2).
2. If anchors are staggered from row-to-row going up the roof, the anchor spacing may be twice that shown above, but no greater than 6'-0".
3. For manufactured plated wood trusses at slopes of flat to 6:12, the horizontal anchor spacing shall not exceed 4'-0" and anchors in adjacent rows shall be staggered.
4. This table is based on the following assumptions:
 - The roof structure conformed to building code requirements at the time it was built.
 - The attached list of criteria is met.
 - Mean roof height is not greater than 40 feet.
 - Roof sheathing is at least 7/16" thick oriented strand board or plywood. 1x skip sheathing is acceptable.
 - If the dwelling is in Wind Exposure B (typical urban, suburban or wooded areas farther than 500 yards from large open fields), no more than one of the following conditions apply:
 - The dwelling is located in a Special Wind Region with design wind speed between 115 and 130 mph per ASCE 7-10.
 - The dwelling is located on the top half of a tall hill, provided average slope is less than 15%.
 - If the dwelling is in Wind Exposure C (within 500 yards of large open fields or grasslands), all of the following conditions apply.
 - Design wind speed is 110 mph or less (not in a Special Wind Region).
 - The dwelling is not located on the top half of a tall hill.
 - The solar array displaces roof live loads (temporary construction loads) that the roof was originally designed to carry.
 - The Structural Technical Appendix provides additional information about analysis assumptions.

Table 2. Roof Rafter Maximum Horizontal Span (feet - inches)¹

| Assumed Vintage | Nominal Size | Actual Size | Non-Tile Roof ² | | | Tile Roof ³ | | |
|-----------------|--------------|-------------|----------------------------|----------|----------|------------------------|----------|----------|
| | | | Rafter Spacing | | | | | |
| | | | 16" o.c. | 24" o.c. | 32" o.c. | 16" o.c. | 24" o.c. | 32" o.c. |
| Post-1960 | 2x4 | 1½"x3½" | 9'-10" | 8'-0" | 6'-6" | 8'-6" | 6'-11" | 5'-6" |
| | 2x6 | 1½"x5½" | 14'-4" | 11'-9" | 9'-6" | 12'-5" | 10'-2" | 8'-0" |
| | 2x8 | 1½"x7¼" | 18'-2" | 14'-10" | 12'-0" | 15'-9" | 12'-10" | 10'-3" |
| Pre-1960 | 2x4 | 1¾"x3¾" | 11'-3" | 9'-9" | 7'-9" | 10'-3" | 8'-6" | 6'-9" |
| | 2x6 | 1¾"x5¾" | 17'-0" | 14'-0" | 11'-3" | 14'-9" | 12'-0" | 9'-9" |
| | 2x8 | 1¾"x7¾" | 22'-3" | 18'-0" | 14'-6" | 19'-0" | 15'-6" | 12'-6" |

Beyond a visual review by the contractor checking for unusual sagging or deterioration, some CBOs may want additional assurance that the roof structure complies with structural building code requirements. Table 2 is an optional table some CBOs may elect to use to provide additional assurance by requiring a check of existing roof rafter spans, and supports optional criteria 1.B.5 and 1.B.6. For post-1960 construction, these span tables match the rafter span tables found in the 2013 California Building and Residential codes. For pre-1960 construction, the rafter span tables are based on structural calculations with lumber sizes and wood species and grade appropriate for older construction. Note 5 below lists the basic assumptions upon which this table is based.

Table 2 Notes:

1. See Figure 4 for definition of roof rafter maximum horizontal span.
2. "Non-tile Roof" = asphalt shingle, wood shingle and wood shake, with an assumed roof assembly weight of 10 psf.
3. "Tile Roof" = clay tile or cement tile, with an assumed roof assembly weight of 20 psf
4. Unaltered manufactured plated-wood trusses may be assumed to be code compliant and meet intent of Table 2.
5. This table is based on the following assumptions:
 - Span/deflection ratio is equal to or greater than 180.
 - For post-1960 construction, wood species and grade is Douglas Fir-Larch No. 2.
 - For pre-1960 construction, wood species and grade is Douglas Fir-Larch No. 1.
 - Other wood species and/or grade are also acceptable if allowable bending stress is equal or greater to that listed.

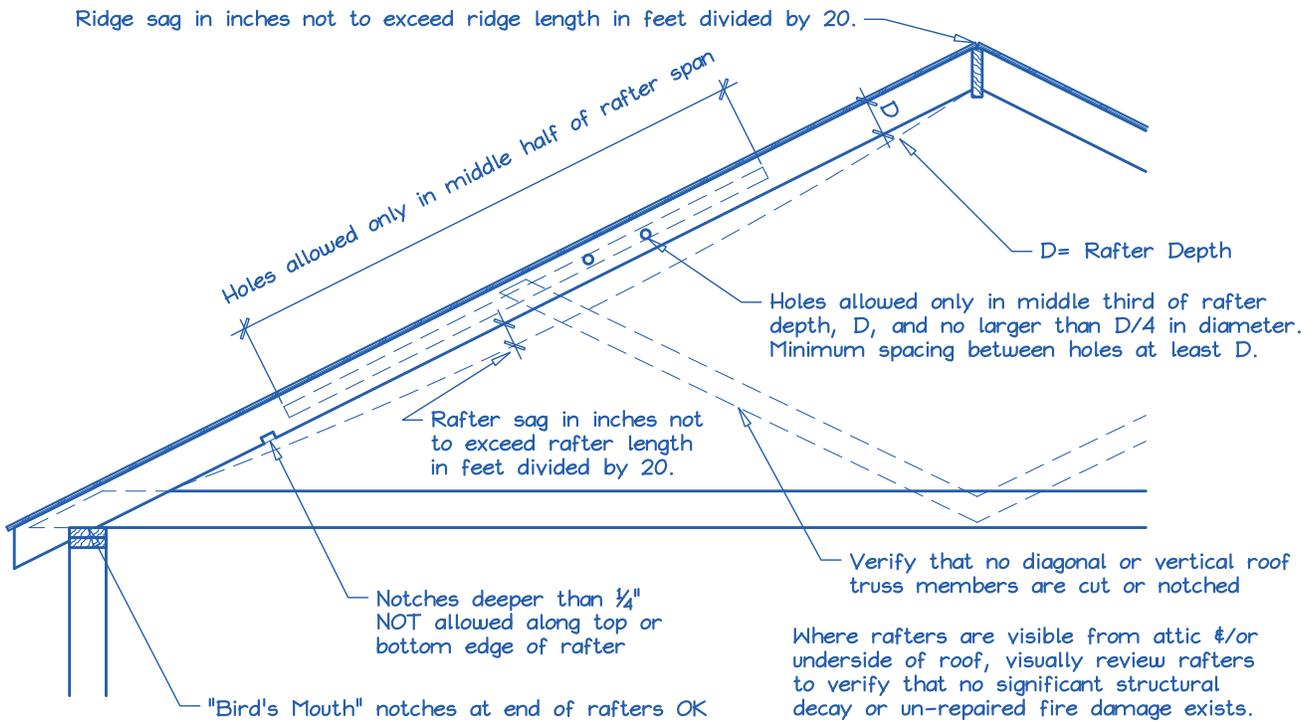


Figure 1. Roof Visual Structural Review (Contractor's Site Audit) of Existing Conditions.

The site auditor should verify the following.

1. No visually apparent disallowed rafter holes, notches and truss modifications as shown above.
2. No visually apparent structural decay or unrepaired fire damage.
3. Roof sag, measured in inches, is not more than the rafter or ridge beam length in feet divided by 20.

Rafters that fail the above criteria should not be used to support solar arrays unless they are first strengthened.

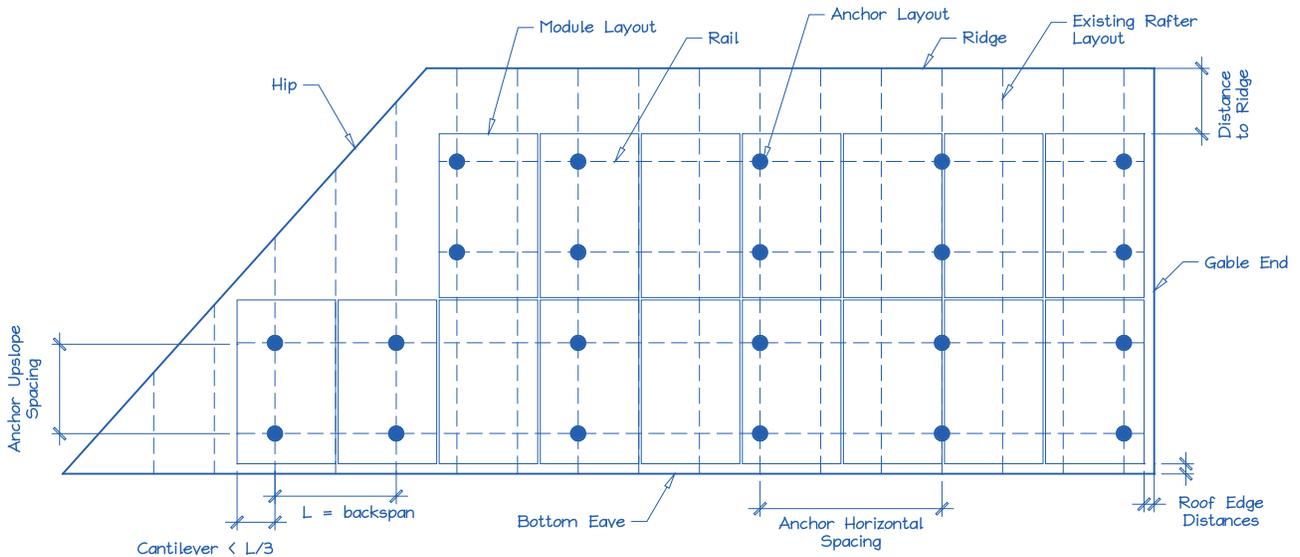


Figure 2. Sample Solar Panel Array and Anchor Layout Diagram (Roof Plan).

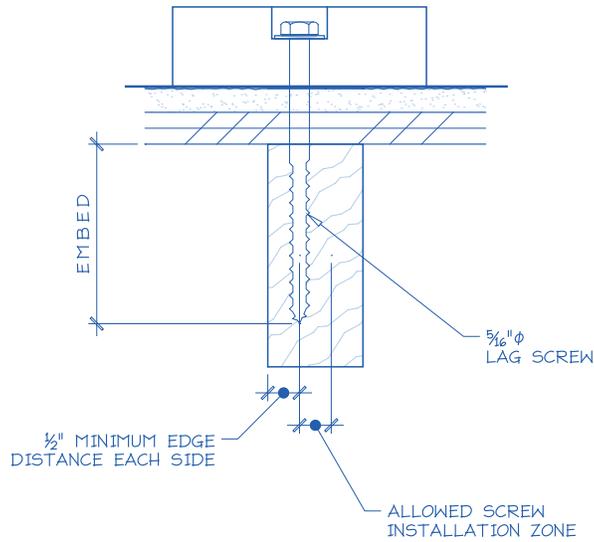
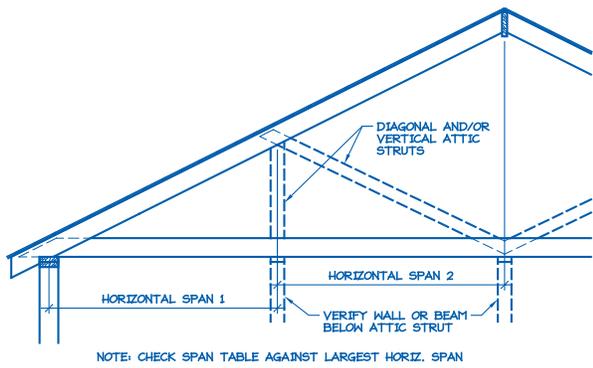
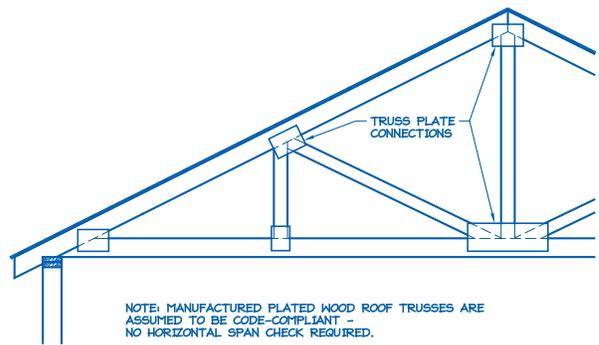


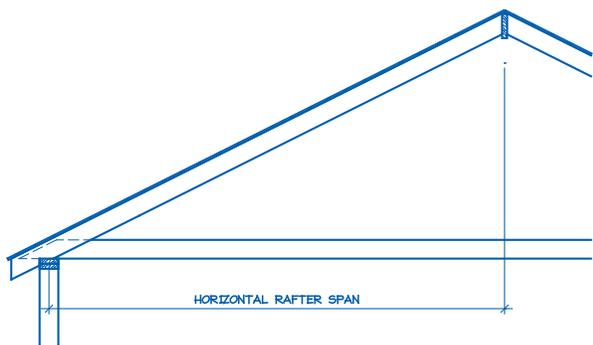
Figure 3. Typical Anchor with Lag Screw Attachment.



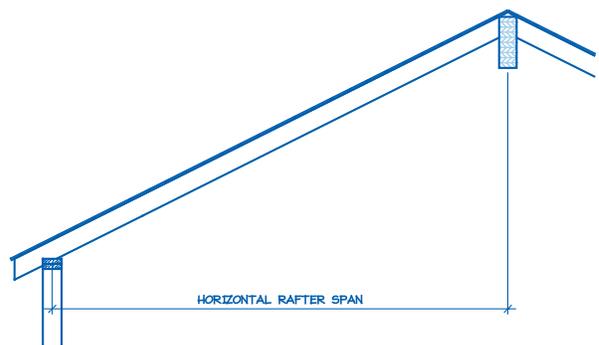
C STRUTS TO WALLS BELOW



D MANUFACTURED PLATED WOOD ROOF TRUSS



A SIMPLE ATTIC



B CATHEDRAL CEILING

Figure 4. Definition of Rafter Horizontal Span.



GRAND TERRACE SOLAR APPLICATION DOCUMENT #7

Inspection Guide for PV Systems in One- and Two-Family Dwellings

(For Rooftop Photovoltaic Systems meeting the Standard Plan)

This document has two sections. Neither section is all-inclusive as this document is simply a tool to aid the inspection process.

SECTION 1 – Field Inspection Guide: The purpose of this section is to give the field inspector a single-page reminder of the most important items in a field inspection.

SECTION 2- Comprehensive Reference: This reference details items that may be relevant in the field inspection of rooftop PV systems that comply with the comprehensive or simplified versions of the “Solar PV Standard Plan.” Not all items outlined in this section are relevant to each PV system. This inspection reference details most of the issues that relate to the PV system during the inspection process.

All California Electrical Code (CEC), California Residential Code (CRC), California Building Code (CBC) and California Fire Code (CFC) references are to the 2013 versions unless otherwise noted.

SECTION 1: Field Inspection Guide for Rooftop Photovoltaic (PV) Systems Standard Plan

Make sure all PV system AC/DC disconnects and circuit breakers are in the open position and verify the following.

1. All work done in a neat and workmanlike manner (CEC 110.12).
2. PV module model number, quantity and location according to the approved plan.
3. Array mounting system and structural connections according to the approved plan.
4. Roof penetrations flashed/sealed according to the approved plan.
5. Array exposed conductors are properly secured, supported and routed to prevent physical damage.
6. Conduit installation according to CRC R331.3 and CEC 690.4(F).
7. Firefighter access according to approved plan.
8. Roof-mounted PV systems have the required fire classification (CBC 1505.9 or CRC R902.4).
9. Grounding/bonding of rack and modules according to the manufacturer's installation instructions that are approved and listed.
10. Equipment installed, listed and labeled according to the approved plan (e.g., PV modules, DC/DC converters, combiners, inverters, disconnects, load centers and electrical service equipment).
11. For grid-connected systems, inverter is marked "utility interactive."
12. For ungrounded inverters, installation complies with CEC 690.35 requirements.
13. Conductors, cables and conduit types, sizes and markings according to the approved plan.
14. Overcurrent devices are the type and size according to the approved plan.
15. Disconnects according to the approved plan and properly located as required by the CEC.
16. Inverter output circuit breaker is located at opposite end of bus from utility supply at load center and/or service panelboard (not required if the sum of the inverter and utility supply circuit breakers is less than or equal to the panelboard bus rating).
17. PV system markings, labels and signs according to the approved plan.
18. Connection of the PV system to the grounding electrode system according to the approved plan.
19. Access and working space for operation and maintenance of PV equipment such as inverters, disconnecting means and panelboards (not required for PV modules) (CEC 110.26).

SECTION 2: Comprehensive Inspection Reference

GENERAL

1. Module manufacturer, make, model and number of modules match the approved plans. (CBC 107.4)
2. DC PV modules are listed to UL 1703. Ac modules are listed to UL 1703 and UL 1741. (CEC 110.3, 690.4 & CBC 1509.7.4 & CRC R908.1.5)
3. Modules are attached to the mounting structure according to the manufacturer's instructions and the approved plans. (CEC 110.3[B], CBC 107.4 & CRC R908.1.4)
4. Roof penetrations/attachments are properly flashed. (CBC Chapter 15 & 2012 CRC Chapter 9)
5. Rooftop systems are designed in accordance with the CBC. (CBC 1509.7 & CRC R908.1)
6. Roof access points, paths and clearances need to comply with the CFC. (CFC 605.11.3.1 - 605.11.3.3.3, CRC R331.4.1 through R331.4.2.4)
7. PV installation shall comply with requirements of the standard plan.
8. PV system operating at 80 volts or greater shall be protected by a listed DC arc fault protection. (CEC 690.11)
9. All work done in a neat and workmanlike manner. (CEC 110.12)

ELECTRICAL REQUIREMENTS

PV Array Configuration

10. DC modules are properly marked and labeled. (CEC 110.3, 690.4[D] & 690.51)
11. AC modules are properly marked and labeled. (CEC 110.3, 690.4[D] & 690.52)
12. PV modules are in good condition (i.e., no broken glass or cells, no discoloration, frames not damaged, etc.). (CEC 110.12[B])
13. Residential one- and two-family dwelling limited to maximum PV system voltage of 600 volts. (CEC 690.7)

Bonding and grounding

14. A complete grounding electrode system is installed. (CEC 690.47[A] & [B])
15. Modules are bonded and grounded in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions, that are listed and approved, using the supplied hardware or listed equipment specified in the instructions and identified for the environment. (CEC 690.43 & 110.3[B])
16. Racking systems are bonded and grounded in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions, that are listed and approved, using the supplied hardware or listed equipment specified in the instructions and identified for the environment. (CEC 690.43 & 110.3[B])
17. Properly sized equipment grounding conductor is routed with the circuit conductors. (CEC 690.45, 250.134[B] & 300.3[B])
18. AC and DC grounding electrode conductors are properly connected as required by code. Separate electrodes, if used, are bonded together. (CEC 690.47, 250.50 & 250.58)

19. Bonding fittings are used on concentric/eccentric knockouts with metal conduits for circuits over 250 volts. (CEC 250.97) (see also exceptions 1 through 4)
20. Bonding fittings are used for ferrous metal conduits enclosing grounding electrode conductors. (CEC 250.64[E])

PV Source/output Circuit Conductor Management

21. Cables are secured by staples, cable ties, straps, hangers or similar fittings at intervals that do not exceed 4.5 feet. (CEC 334.30 & 338.12[A][3])
22. Cables are secured within 12 inches of each box, cabinet, conduit body or other termination. (CEC 334.30 & 338.12[A][3])
23. Cable closely follows the surface of the building finish or of the running boards. (CEC 690.4[F] & CFC 605.11.2 & CRC R331.3) NOTE: see Section 12 below for additional requirements on routing of conductors for fire fighter safety concerns.
24. Exposed single conductors, where subject to physical damage, are protected. (CEC 230.50[B] & 300.5[D])
25. Exposed single conductors used for ungrounded systems are listed and identified as “PV wire.” (CEC 690.35[D][3]) For other conductor requirements for ungrounded systems, see CEC 690.35(D).

Conductors

26. Exposed single conductor wiring is a 90° C, wet rated and sunlight resistant type USE-2 or approved/listed PV wire. (CEC 690.31[B] & 110.2) If the wiring is in a conduit, it is 90° C, wet rated type RHW-2, THWN-2, or XHHW-2. (CEC 310.15)
27. Conductor insulation is rated at 90° C to allow for operation at 70° C+ near modules. (CEC 310.15)
28. Grounded conductor is identified white or gray. (CEC 200.6)
29. Open conductors are supported, secured and protected. (CEC 338.12[A][3] & 334.30)
30. Conductors are not in contact with the roof surface. (CEC 334.30)
31. DC conductors inside a building are in a metal raceway or MC metal-clad cable that complies with 250.118(10), or metal enclosures. (CEC 690.31[E])
32. DC wiring methods shall not be installed within 25 cm (10”) of the roof decking or sheathing except where directly below the roof surface covered by the PV modules and associated equipment. (CEC 690.31[E][1])
33. If more than one nominal voltage system conductor is installed in the raceway, permanent identification and labeling is required. (CEC 200.6[D] & 210.5[C])
34. For underground conductor installations, the burial depth is appropriate and warning tape is in place. (CEC 300.5[D][3] & Table 300.5)
35. Aluminum is not placed in direct contact with concrete. (CEC 250.120[B] & 110.11)
36. PV circuit and premises wiring is separated. (CEC 690.4[B])
37. PV system conductors shall be grouped and identified. (CEC 690.4[B])

Overcurrent Protection

38. Overcurrent protection devices (OCPD) in the DC circuits are listed for DC operation. (CEC 110.3[A], [B] & 690.9[D])
39. Overcurrent protection devices shall be provided per the approved plans. (CEC 690.9[A])
40. Combiner box is listed to UL 1741.
41. PV output OCPD is located at the opposite end of the bus from the feeder connection, unless otherwise approved. (CEC 705.12[D][7])

Electrical Connections

42. Crimp terminals are listed and installed using a listed tool specified for use in crimping those specific crimps. (CEC 110.3[B] & 110.14)
43. Pressure terminals are listed for the environment and tightened to manufacturer recommended torque specifications. (CEC 110.11, 110.3[B] & 110.14)
44. Connectors are listed for the voltage of the system and have appropriate temperature and ampere ratings. (CEC 110.3[B] & 110.14)
45. Twist-on wire connectors are listed for the environment (i.e., wet, damp, direct burial, etc.) and installed per manufacturer's instructions. (CEC 110.11, 110.3[B], 110.14 & 300.5[B])
46. Power distribution blocks are listed. (CEC 690.4 & 2011 NEC 314.28[E])
47. Terminals containing more than one conductor are listed for multiple conductors. (CEC 110.14[A] & 110.3[B])
48. Connectors and terminals used other than class B and C stranded conductors (fine stranded conductors) are listed and identified for use with specific conductor class or classes.. (CEC 110.14[A] & 110.3[B])
49. Connectors that are readily accessible and operating at over 30 volts require a tool for opening. (CEC 690.33[C])
50. All connectors are fully engages, tight and secure. (CEC 110.3[B] & 110.12)
51. Wiring and connections of inverters, PV source circuits, etc., and all interconnections are performed by qualified personnel. (CEC 690.4[E])

Disconnects

52. Disconnects used in DC circuits are listed for DC operation and located as allowed by the AHJ. (CEC 110.3)
53. Disconnects are installed for all current carrying conductors of the PV source. (CEC 690.13 - 690.14 & 690.35)
54. Disconnects are installed for the PV equipment. NOTE: For inverters and other equipment that are energized from more than one source, the disconnecting means must be grouped and identified per AHJ's requirements. (CEC 690.15)
55. Disconnects and overcurrent protection are installed for all ungrounded conductors in ungrounded PV power systems. (CEC 240.15 & 690.35)
56. Where connectors are used as disconnecting means, they shall be used in accordance with CEC 690.33.E (CEC 690.33.E & 690.17)

Inverters

57. Inverters are listed to UL 1741. (CEC 690.4[D]) NOTE: grid-tied system inverters need to be identified for use in interactive power systems.
58. Point of connection is at a dedicated breaker or disconnect. (CEC 705.12[D][1])
59. Where a back-fed breaker is used as a utility interconnection means, the breaker is not marked “line and load.” (CEC 110.3[B], 705.12[D][5])
60. Listed AC and DC disconnects and overcurrent protection are grouped and identified. (CEC 690.15)
61. No multiwire branch circuits are installed where single 120-volt inverters are connected to 120/240-volt load centers. (CEC 690.10[C])
62. The barrier is reinstalled between the AC, DC wiring and communication wires. (CEC 110.3[B] & 110.27)

Signs and Labels

63. All interior and exterior DC conduit, enclosures, raceways, cable assemblies, junction boxes, combiner boxes and disconnects are marked. (CFC 605.11.1, CEC 690.31[E][3], CEC 690.31[E][4], 690.17 & 690.53 & CRC R331.2)
64. The markings on the conduits, raceways and cable assemblies are every 10 feet, within one foot of all turns or bends and within one foot above and below all penetrations of roof/ceiling assemblies, walls and barriers. (CFC 605.11.1.4, CRC R331.2.4, CEC 690.31[E][3] & CEC 690.31[E][4])
65. Marking is placed adjacent to the main service disconnect in a location clearly visible from where the disconnect is operated. (CFC 605.11.1.3 & CRC R331.2.3)
66. The markings say “WARNING: PHOTOVOLTAIC POWER SOURCE” and have 3/8-inch (9.5 mm) minimum-sized white letters on a red background. The signs are made of reflective weather resistant material. (CFC 605.11.1.1, 605.11.1.2 & CRC R331.2.1 - R331.2.2 & CEC 690.31[E][3] & 690.31[E][4])
67. Where PV circuits are embedded in built-up, laminate or membrane roofing materials in roof areas not covered by PV modules and associated equipment, the location of circuits shall be clearly marked. (CEC 690.4[F])
68. Required labels shall be permanent and suitable for the environment. The following labels are required as applicable.

Table 1. Signage Requirements for PV systems

| Code Section | Location of Label | Text |
|---|--|--|
| CEC 690.5(C) | Utility-interactive inverter & battery enclosure | WARNING: ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD IF A GROUND FAULT IS INDICATED, NORMALLY GROUNDED CONDUCTORS MAY BE UNGROUNDED AND ENERGIZED |
| CEC 690.35(F) | All enclosures with ungrounded circuits or devices which are energized and may be exposed during service | WARNING: ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD. THE DC CONDUCTORS OF THIS PHOTOVOLTAIC SYSTEM ARE UNGROUNDED AND MAY BE ENERGIZED. |
| CEC 690.14(C)(1) | On the main service when DC wiring is run through the building and the DC disconnect is located other than at the main service | DC DISCONNECT IS LOCATED.... |
| CEC 690.14(C)(2) | On the AC and DC disconnects | PHOTOVOLTAIC SYSTEM DISCONNECT |
| CEC 690.53 | On the DC disconnects | OPERATING CURRENT _____ OPERATING VOLTAGE _____ MAXIMUM SYSTEM VOLTAGE ____ SHORT CIRCUIT CURRENT _____ |
| CEC 690.54 | At interactive points of interconnection, usually the main service | RATED AC OUTPUT CURRENT _____ AMPS NORMAL OPERATING AC VOLTAGE _____ VOLTS |
| CEC 690.56(B)/ 690.14(D)(4), 705.10 2011 CEC 690.4(H) | At the electrical service and at the PV inverter if not at the same location | A directory providing the location of the service disconnecting means and the photovoltaic system disconnecting means |
| CEC 690.17 | On the DC disconnect and on any equipment that stays energized in the off position from the PV supply | WARNING! ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD. DO NOT TOUCH TERMINALS. TERMINALS ON BOTH THE LINE AND LOAD SIDES MAY BE ENERGIZED IN THE OPEN POSITION. |
| CEC 705.12 (D)(7) | Inverter output OCPD | WARNING: INVERTER OUTPUT CONNECTION DO NOT RELOCATE THIS OVERCURRENT DEVICE. |
| CFC 605.11.1.4, CEC 690.31(E)(3), 690.31(E)(4), CRC R331.2.4 | On conduit, raceways and enclosures, mark every 10 feet, at turns, above/ below penetrations | WARNING: PHOTOVOLTAIC POWER SOURCE. <i>Note: This label shall have a red background with white lettering</i> |

FIRE SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

1. Rooftop-mounted PV panels and modules have the proper fire classification rating. (CBC 1509.7.2 & CRC R908.1.2)
2. Conduit, wiring systems and raceways for photovoltaic circuits are located as close as possible to the ridge, hip or valley and from the hip or valley as directly as possible to an outside wall to reduce trip hazards and maximize ventilation opportunities. (CFC 605.11.2 & CRC R331.3)
3. Conduit runs between sub arrays and to DC combiner boxes are installed in a manner that minimizes total amount of conduit on the roof by taking the shortest path from the array to the DC combiner box. (CFC 605.11.2 & CRC R331.3)
4. DC Combiner Boxes are located so that conduit runs are minimized in the pathways between arrays. (CFC 605.11.2 & CRC 331.3)
5. DC wiring in enclosed spaces in buildings is installed in metallic conduit or raceways. Conduit runs along the bottom of load bearing members. (CFC 605.11.2 & CEC 690.4[F] & CRC R331.3)
6. All roofs have an access point that does not place ground ladders over openings such as windows or doors, are located at strong points of building construction, and in locations where the access point does not conflict with overhead obstructions such as tree limbs, wires or signs. (CFC 605.11.3.1 & CRC R331.3)
7. Roofs with slopes greater than 2:12 have solar panel layouts with access pathways that comply with approved roof plan that meet the following criteria: (some exceptions apply, see diagrams in the California Solar Permitting Guidebook)
 - A. Hip Roofs: Panels/modules are located so that there is a 3-foot wide clear access pathway from the eave to the ridge on each roof slope where panels/modules are located. (CFC 605.11.3.2.1 & CRC R331.4.2.1)
 - B. Hips and Valleys: If panels/modules are placed on both sides of a hip or valley they are located no closer than 18 inches to a hip or valley. If the panels are located on only one side of a hip or valley that is of equal length, then the panels can be placed directly adjacent to the hip or valley. (CFC 605.11.3.2.3 & CRC R 331.4.2.3)
 - C. Single Ridges: Panels/modules are located so that there are two 3-foot wide access pathways from the eave to the ridge on each roof slope where there are panels/modules installed. (CFC 605.11.3.2.2 & CRC R331.4.2.2)
 - D. Ridges: Panels/modules are located no higher than 3 feet from the top of the ridge in order to allow for fire department smoke ventilation operations. (CFC605.11.3.2.4 & CRC R331.4.2.4)
 - E. Access pathways are located at a structurally sound location capable of supporting the load of fire fighters accessing the roof. (CFC 605.11.3.2.1 & CRC R331.4.2.1)

STRUCTURAL AND OTHER CODE REQUIREMENTS

List the structural requirements by the Authority Having Jurisdiction.



Submittal Requirements Bulletin — Solar Domestic Water Heating Installations 30 kWth or Less for One- and Two-Family Dwellings

This information bulletin is published to guide applicants through a streamlined permitting process for solar domestic water heating (SDWH) projects 30 kWth (462 square foot) in size or smaller. This bulletin provides information about submittal requirements for plan review, required fees and inspections.

1. Approval Requirements

The following permits are required to install a SDWH system with a maximum thermal output of 30 kWth or less:

- a) Solar Permit
Plumbing Permit

Planning review is not required for SDWH installations of this size.

2. Submittal Requirements

- a) Completed permit application form. This permit application form can be downloaded at www.grandterrace-ca.gov.
- b) Demonstrate compliance with the eligibility checklist for expedited permitting. These criteria can be downloaded at www.grandterrace-ca.gov
- c) A completed Standard Plumbing, Electrical, Structural and Mechanical Plan. The standard plan may be used for proposed solar installations 30 kWth in size or smaller and can be downloaded at www.grandterrace-ca.gov.
- d) A roof plan showing roof layout and solar collectors with attachment details.
- e) System schematic, including major components.
- f) Equipment cut sheets including collectors, controller, storage tank/heat exchanger (if applicable).
- g) Completed expedited Structural Criteria checklist along with required documentation. Structural Criteria can be downloaded at www.grandterrace-ca.gov.

For systems that do not meet all the requirements in the structural criteria checklist, provide structural drawings and calculations along with the following information.

- The type of roof covering and the number of roof coverings installed
- Type of roof framing, size of members and spacing
- Weight of panels, support locations and method of attachment
- Framing plan and details for any work necessary to strengthen the existing roof structure
- Site-specific structural calculations
- Where an approved racking system is used, provide documentation showing manufacturer of the rack system, maximum allowable weight the system can support, attachment method to the roof or ground and product evaluation information or structural design for the rack system

3. Plan Review

Permit applications can be submitted to Building and Safety in person at 22795 Barton Road, Grand Terrace, CA 92313 and electronically through: homesolar@grandterrace-ca.gov

Permit applications utilizing standard plan may be approved “over-the-counter” at 22795 Barton Road, Grand Terrace, CA 92313. Permit applications may also be submitted electronically for “over-the-counter” approval through: homesolar@grandterrace-ca.gov.

Permits not approved “over-the-counter” should be reviewed in three days for hand-delivered applications and five days for electronic application submissions.

4. Fees

Solar Permit \$75.00

Plumbing Permit \$15.00

Plan Check \$127.00

TOTAL FEES: \$217.00

5. Inspections

Once all permits to construct the solar installation have been issued and the system has been installed, it must be inspected before final approval is granted. On-site inspections can be scheduled by contacting Building and Safety by telephone at 909-824-6621 ext. 250 or electronically at homesolar@grandterrace-ca.gov. Inspection requests received within business hours are typically scheduled for the next business day. If next business day is not available, inspection should happen within a five-day window.

Permit holders must be prepared to show conformance with all technical requirements in the field at the time of inspection. The inspector will verify that the installation is in conformance with applicable code requirements and with the approved plans.

The inspection checklist provides an overview of common points of inspection, and the applicant should be prepared to show compliance with these points.

6. Departmental Contact Information

For additional information regarding this permit process, please consult our City of Grand Terrace website at www.grandterrace-ca.gov or contact Building and Safety at 909-824-6621 ext. 250.



Eligibility Checklist for Expedited Solar Domestic Water Heating Permitting for One- and Two-Family Dwellings

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- | | | |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| A. System size is 30 kWth (462 square feet of collector) or less | <input type="checkbox"/> Y | <input type="checkbox"/> N |
| B. The solar array is roof-mounted on one- or two-family dwelling or accessory structure | <input type="checkbox"/> Y | <input type="checkbox"/> N |
| C. The solar collector arrays will not exceed the maximum legal building height | <input type="checkbox"/> Y | <input type="checkbox"/> N |
| D. Solar collectors are certified by an accredited listing agency | <input type="checkbox"/> Y | <input type="checkbox"/> N |
| E. Solar domestic water heating system is certified by an accredited listing agency | <input type="checkbox"/> Y | <input type="checkbox"/> N |
| F. Permit application is completed and attached | <input type="checkbox"/> Y | <input type="checkbox"/> N |
| G. System schematic is included | <input type="checkbox"/> Y | <input type="checkbox"/> N |
| H. List of major components to match system schematic | <input type="checkbox"/> Y | <input type="checkbox"/> N |
| I. Heat transfer fluid is either water or a nontoxic fluid | <input type="checkbox"/> Y | <input type="checkbox"/> N |

PLUMBING REQUIREMENTS

- | | | |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| A. Adequate extreme temperature protection is provided | <input type="checkbox"/> Y | <input type="checkbox"/> N |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|

STRUCTURAL REQUIREMENTS

- | | | |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| A. A completed Structural Criteria and supporting documentation is attached (as required) | <input type="checkbox"/> Y | <input type="checkbox"/> N |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|

Notes:

These criteria are intended for streamlined solar permitting process.

- If any items are checked NO, revise design to fit within Eligibility Checklist, otherwise permit application may go through standard process.*



Submittal Requirements Bulletin — Solar Pool Heating Installations 30 kWth or Less for One- and Two-Family Dwellings

This information bulletin is published to guide applicants through a streamlined permitting process for solar pool heating (SPH) projects 30 kWth (462 square foot) in size or smaller. This bulletin provides information about submittal requirements for plan review, required fees and inspections.

1. Approval Requirements

The following permits are required to install a SPH system with a maximum thermal output of 30 kWth or less:

- a) Solar Permit
Plumbing Permit

Planning review is not required for SPH installations of this size.

2. Submittal Requirements

- a) Completed permit application form. This permit application form can be downloaded at www.grandterrace-ca.gov.
- b) Demonstrate compliance with the eligibility checklist for expedited permitting. These criteria can be downloaded at www.grandterrace-ca.gov.
- c) A completed Standard Plumbing, Electrical and Structural Plan. The standard plan may be used for proposed solar installations 30 kWth in size or smaller and can be downloaded at www.grandterrace-ca.gov.
- d) A roof plan showing roof layout and solar collectors with attachment details.
- e) Standard one-line plumbing diagram of system showing and labeling major components.
- f) Equipment cut sheets including collectors, controller, motorized valve (if applicable).
- g) Completed expedited Structural Criteria checklist along with required documentation. Structural Criteria can be downloaded at www.grandterrace-ca.gov.

For systems that do not meet all the requirements in the structural criteria checklist, provide structural drawings and calculations along with the following information.

- The type of roof covering and the number of roof coverings installed
- Type of roof framing, size of members and spacing
- Weight of panels, support locations and method of attachment
- Framing plan and details for any work necessary to strengthen the existing roof structure
- Site-specific structural calculations
- Where a racking system is used, provide documentation showing manufacturer of the rack system, maximum allowable weight the system can support, attachment method to the roof or ground and product evaluation information or structural design for the rack system

3. Plan Review

Permit applications can be submitted to Building and Safety in person at 22795 Barton Road, Grand Terrace, CA 92313 and electronically through: homesolar@grandterrace-ca.gov.

Permit applications utilizing standard plan may be approved “over-the-counter” at 22795 Barton Road, CA 92313. Permit applications may also be submitted electronically for “over-the-counter” approval through: homesolar@grandterrace-ca.gov.

Permits not approved “over-the-counter” should be reviewed in three days for hand-delivered applications and five days for electronic application submissions.

4. Fees

Solar Permit \$75.00

Plumbing Permit \$70.00

Plan Check \$127.00

TOTAL FEES: \$272.00

5. Inspections

Once all permits to construct the solar installation have been issued and the system has been installed, it must be inspected before final approval is granted. On-site inspections can be scheduled by contacting Building and Safety by telephone at 909-824-6621 ext. 250 or electronically at homesolar@grandterrace-ca.gov. Inspection requests received within business hours are typically scheduled for the next business day. If next business day is not available, inspection should happen within a five-day window.

Permit holders must be prepared to show conformance with all technical requirements in the field at the time of inspection. The inspector will verify that the installation is in conformance with applicable code requirements and with the approved plans.

The inspection checklist provides an overview of common points of inspection, and the applicant should be prepared to show compliance with these points.

6. Departmental Contact Information

For additional information regarding this permit process, please consult the City of Grand Terrace website at www.grandterrace-ca.gov or contact Building and Safety at 909-824-6621 ext. 250.



Eligibility Checklist for Expedited Solar Pool Heating Permitting for One- and Two-Family Dwellings

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- | | | |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| A. System size is 30 kWth (462 square feet of collector) or less | <input type="checkbox"/> Y | <input type="checkbox"/> N |
| B. The solar array is roof-mounted on one- or two-family dwelling or accessory structure | <input type="checkbox"/> Y | <input type="checkbox"/> N |
| C. The solar collector arrays will not exceed the maximum legal building height | <input type="checkbox"/> Y | <input type="checkbox"/> N |
| D. Solar collectors are certified by an accredited listing agency | <input type="checkbox"/> Y | <input type="checkbox"/> N |
| E. Building Permit application is completed and attached | <input type="checkbox"/> Y | <input type="checkbox"/> N |
| F. Heat transfer fluid is either water or a nontoxic fluid | <input type="checkbox"/> Y | <input type="checkbox"/> N |

PLUMBING REQUIREMENTS

- | | | |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| A. Adequate extreme temperature protection is provided (if applicable) | <input type="checkbox"/> Y | <input type="checkbox"/> N |
| B. Standard one-line plumbing diagram is provided with components showing solar interface with existing plumbing | <input type="checkbox"/> Y | <input type="checkbox"/> N |

STRUCTURAL REQUIREMENTS

- | | | |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| A. A completed Structural Criteria and supporting documentation is attached (as required) | <input type="checkbox"/> Y | <input type="checkbox"/> N |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|

Notes:

These criteria are intended for streamlined solar permitting process.

- If any items are checked NO, revise design to fit within Eligibility Checklist, otherwise permit application may go through standard process.*